stock.

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

_	FORM	1 10-Q
Mark One)		
■ QUARTERLY REPO EXCHANGE ACT O		SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
For the quarterly period ended J		
		R
□ TRANSITION REPO		SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
	For the transition period	d from to
	Commission File N	Number <u>001-14818</u>
	Federated H	Hermes, Inc.
	(Exact name of registrant	as specified in its charter)
Pennsylvar	ia	25-1111467
(State or other jurisdiction of incorp	ooration or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
1001 Liberty A		15222 2550
Pittsburgh, Per (Address of principal exc	•	15222-3779 (Zip Code)
(Regis	trant's telephone number, i	ncluding area code) 412-288-1900
Securities registered pursuant to Se	ction 12(b) of the Act:	
Title of each class Class B common stock, no par valu	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered New York Stock Exchange
Indicate by check mark whether the Exchange Act of 1934 during the p	registrant (1) has filed all repreceding 12 months (or for su	ports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities ch shorter period that the registrant was required to file such the past 90 days. Yes \boxtimes No \square .
	S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter	tronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that \square.
	growth company. See the de	ted filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller finitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smalle 2b-2 of the Exchange Act.
Large accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer		Accelerated filer Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company
	•	egistrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for ds provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.
Indicate by check mark whether the	registrant is a shell company ((as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes $\ \square$ No $\ \boxtimes$
		classes of common stock, as of the last practicable date: As of

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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements in this report on Form 10-Q constitute forward-looking statements, which involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors that could cause the actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements of Federated Hermes, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively, Federated Hermes), or industry results, to be materially different from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are typically identified by words or phrases such as "forecast," "project," "predict," "trend," "approximate," "potential," "opportunity," "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "current," "intention," "estimate," "position," "projection," "plan," "assume," "continue," "remain," "maintain," "sustain," "seek," "achieve," and similar expressions, or future or conditional verbs such as "will," "would," "should," "could," "can," "may," and similar expressions. Among other forward-looking statements, such statements include certain statements relating to, or, as applicable, statements concerning management's assessments, beliefs, expectations, assumptions, judgments, projections or estimates regarding: asset flows, levels, values and mix and their impact; projected growth rates, projected pre-tax profit margins, discount rates, and the possibility and potential impact of impairments; business mix; the level, timing, degree and impact of changes in interest rates or gross or net yields; potential changes to the Federal Reserve Board's (Federal Reserve) tapering policy or the Department of Treasury's plans to purchase Treasury securities; rates of inflation; fee rates and recognition; sources, levels and recognition of revenues, expenses, gains, losses, income and earnings; the level and impact of reimbursements, rebates or assumptions of fund-related expenses and fee waivers for competitive reasons such as to maintain positive or zero net yields (Voluntary Yieldrelated Fee Waivers), to maintain certain fund expense ratios, to meet regulatory requirements or to meet contractual requirements (collectively, Fee Waivers); whether, under what circumstances and the degree to which Fee Waivers will be implemented; the impact of market volatility, liquidity, and other market conditions; whether performance fees or carried interest will be earned or clawed back; whether and when revenue or expense is recognized; whether and when capital contributions could be made, the availability of insurance and probability of insurance reimbursements or recoveries in connection with indemnification obligations or other claims; the components and level of, and prospect for, distribution-related expenses; guarantee and indemnification obligations; the impact of acquisitions on Federated Hermes' growth; the timing and amount of acquisition-related payment obligations; the results of negotiations involving consideration in business transactions; payment obligations pursuant to employment or incentive and business arrangements; vesting rights and requirements; business and market expansion opportunities, including acceleration of global growth; interest and principal payments or expenses; taxes, tax rates and the impact of tax law changes; borrowing, debt, future cash needs and principal uses of cash, cash flows and liquidity, including the amount and timing of expected future capital expenditures; the ability to raise additional capital; type, classification and consolidation of investments; uses of treasury stock; Federated Hermes' product, strategy, and other service (as applicable, offering) and market performance and Federated Hermes' performance indicators; investor preferences; offering demand, distribution, development and restructuring initiatives and related planning and timing; the effect, and degree of impact, of changes in customer relationships; the outcome and impact of legal proceedings; regulatory matters, including the pace, timing, impact, effects and other consequences of the current regulatory environment; the attractiveness and resiliency of

money market funds; dedication of resources; accounting-related assessments, judgements and determinations; compliance, and related legal, compliance and other professional services expenses; and interest rate, concentration, market, currency and other risks and their impact. Any forward-looking statement is inherently subject to significant business, economic, competitive, regulatory and other risks and uncertainties, many of which are difficult to predict and beyond Federated Hermes' control. Among other risks and uncertainties, market conditions can change significantly and impact Federated Hermes' business and results, including by changing Federated Hermes' asset flows, levels, and mix, and business mix, which could cause a decline in revenues and net income, result in impairments and change the amount of Fee Waivers incurred by Federated Hermes. The obligation to make purchase price payments in connection with acquisitions is subject to certain adjustments and conditions, and the obligation to make contingent payments is based on net revenue growth levels and will be affected by the achievement of such levels. The obligation to make additional payments pursuant to employment or incentive arrangements can be based on satisfaction of certain conditions set forth in those arrangements. Future cash needs, cash flows and uses of cash will be impacted by a variety of factors, including the number and size of any acquisitions, Federated Hermes' success in developing, structuring and distributing its offerings, potential changes in assets under management (AUM) and/or changes in the terms of distribution and shareholder services contracts with intermediaries who offer Federated Hermes' offerings to intermediary customers, opportunities to repurchase shares, and potential increased legal, compliance and other professional services expenses stemming from additional or modified regulation or the dedication of such resources to other initiatives. Federated Hermes' risks and uncertainties also include liquidity and credit risks in Federated Hermes' money market funds and revenue risk, which will be affected by yield levels in money market fund offerings, Fee Waivers, changes in fair values of AUM, any additional regulatory reforms, investor preferences and confidence, and the ability of Federated Hermes to collect fees in connection with the management of such offerings. Many of these factors could be more likely to occur as a result of continued scrutiny of the mutual fund industry by domestic or foreign regulators, and any disruption in global financial markets. As a result, no assurance can be given as to future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements, and neither Federated Hermes nor any other person assumes responsibility for the accuracy and completeness, or updating, of such statements in the future. For more information on these items and additional risks that could impact the forward-looking statements, see Item 1A - Risk Factors included in Federated Hermes' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.

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Item 1. Financial Statements

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(dollars in thousands)			
(unaudited)	1 20	ъ	1 21
	June 30, 2024	De	ecember 31, 2023
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 307,433	\$	383,180
Investments—Consolidated Investment Companies	72,847		70,543
Investments—Affiliates and Other	72,599		106,952
Receivables, net of reserve of \$21 and \$21, respectively	72,086		75,721
Receivables—Affiliates	44,472		48,694
Prepaid Expenses	37,911		29,739
Other Current Assets	5,953		5,900
Total Current Assets	613,301		720,729
Long-Term Assets			
Goodwill	806,069		807,156
Intangible Assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$70,045 and \$64,112, respectively	335,554		409,449
Property and Equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$122,372 and \$119,852, respectively	32,170		30,711
Right-of-Use Assets, net	92,464		99,265
Other Long-Term Assets	31,949		34,534
Total Long-Term Assets	1,298,206		1,381,115
Total Assets	\$ 1,911,507	\$	2,101,844
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$ 92,564	\$	88,290
Accrued Compensation and Benefits	93,153		158,392
Lease Liabilities	16,437		16,283
Other Current Liabilities	21,226		24,378
Total Current Liabilities	223,380		287,343
Long-Term Liabilities			
Long-Term Debt	347,974		347,843
Long-Term Deferred Tax Liability, net	181,403		186,292
Long-Term Lease Liabilities	85,748		93,816
Other Long-Term Liabilities	25,486		32,453
Total Long-Term Liabilities	640,611		660,404
Total Liabilities	863,991		947,747
Commitments and Contingencies (Note (17))			
TEMPORARY EQUITY			
Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries	30,491		25,845
PERMANENT EQUITY			
Federated Hermes, Inc. Shareholders' Equity			
Common Stock:			
Class A, No Par Value, 20,000 Shares Authorized, 9,000 Shares Issued and Outstanding	189		189
Class B, No Par Value, 900,000,000 Shares Authorized, 99,505,456 Shares Issued	491,204		474,814
Additional Paid-In Capital from Treasury Stock Transactions	0		2
Retained Earnings	1,145,844		1,194,561
Treasury Stock, at Cost, 16,905,080 and 14,664,467 Shares Class B Common Stock, respectively	(595,592)		(521,403)
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), net of tax	(24,620)		(19,911)
Total Permanent Equity	1,017,025		1,128,252
Total Liabilities, Temporary Equity and Permanent Equity	\$ 1,911,507	\$	2,101,844

Consolidated Statements of Income

(dollars in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)								
(unaudited)		Three Mor	nths	Ended		Six Mont	hs E	nded
		June					e 30,	naca
	_	2024	, ,	2023	_	2024	, ,	2023
Revenue		-						
Investment Advisory Fees, net—Affiliates	\$	211,111	\$	249,421	\$	413,902	\$	451,310
Investment Advisory Fees, net—Other		59,511		60,916		121,014		123,008
Administrative Service Fees, net—Affiliates		95,346		85,199		190,132		164,378
Other Service Fees, net—Affiliates		32,190		33,994		65,554		68,857
Other Service Fees, net—Other		4,425		3,702		8,352		7,868
Total Revenue		402,583		433,232		798,954		815,421
Operating Expenses								
Compensation and Related		130,748		159,883		267,294		296,761
Distribution		93,503		97,086		188,398		190,420
Systems and Communications		23,194		22,074		45,017		42,046
Professional Service Fees		19,845		19,099		38,197		35,320
Office and Occupancy		9,765		11,404		19,734		24,278
Advertising and Promotional		6,621		5,109		10,927		9,451
Travel and Related		3,847		3,835		7,119		7,066
Intangible Asset Related		69,392		3,418		72,627		6,743
Other		4,951		12,935		10,343		19,781
Total Operating Expenses		361,866		334,843		659,656		631,866
Operating Income		40,717		98,389		139,298		183,555
Nonoperating Income (Expenses)								
Investment Income, net		5,988		5,249		12,724		10,068
Gain (Loss) on Securities, net		(856)		40		891		5,533
Debt Expense		(3,159)		(3,118)		(6,308)		(6,243)
Other, net		(34)		(15)		69		107
Total Nonoperating Income (Expenses), net		1,939		2,156		7,376		9,465
Income Before Income Taxes		42,656		100,545		146,674		193,020
Income Tax Provision		23,431		27,543		52,439		48,552
Net Income Including the Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries		19,225		73,002		94,235		144,468
Less: Net Income (Loss) Attributable to the Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries		(1,802)		827		(1,825)		2,692
Net Income	\$	21,027	\$	72,175	\$	96,060	\$	141,776
Amounts Attributable to Federated Hermes, Inc.								
Net Income Attributable to Federated Hermes Common Stock - Basic and Diluted	\$	16,294	\$	68,704	\$	90,250	\$	134,794
Earnings Per Common Share—Basic and Diluted	\$	0.20	\$	0.81	\$	1.12	\$	1.59
Cash Dividends Per Share	\$	1.31	\$	0.28	\$	1.59	\$	0.55

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

(dollars in thousands)								
(unaudited)								
	,	Three Mor	nths	Ended	Six Months Ended			
		June	30	,	June 30,			
		2024		2023		2024	2023	
Net Income Including the Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries	\$	19,225	\$	73,002	\$	94,235	\$ 144,468	
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), net of tax								
Permanent Equity								
Foreign Currency Translation Gain (Loss)		526		14,477		(4,709)	24,097	
Temporary Equity								
Foreign Currency Translation Gain (Loss)		13		328		(93)	560	
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), net of tax		539		14,805		(4,802)	24,657	
Comprehensive Income Including the Noncontrolling Interests in		10.564		07.007		00.422	1.00 125	
Subsidiaries		19,764		87,807		89,433	169,125	
Less: Comprehensive Income (Loss) Attributable to Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries		(1,789)		1,155		(1,918)	3,252	
Comprehensive Income Attributable to Federated Hermes, Inc.	\$	21,553	\$	86,652	\$	91,351	\$ 165,873	

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

(dollars in thousands) (unaudited)

(Fede	erated He	rmes, Inc. Share	holders' Equity					
	Common Stock	Pa Capit Tre St	itional id-in al from asury tock sactions	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Cor	Other nprehensive ome (Loss), net of tax	Total Permanent Equity	Nor Ir Su	edeemable acontrolling aterests in bsidiaries/ emporary Equity
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 475,003	\$	2	\$1,194,561	\$ (521,403)	\$	(19,911)	\$1,128,252	\$	25,845
Net Income (Loss)	0		0	75,033	0		0	75,033		(23)
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), net of tax	0		0	0	0		(5,235)	(5,235)		(106)
Subscriptions—Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest Holders	0		0	0	0		0	0		2,724
Consolidation (Deconsolidation)	0		0	0	0		0	0		48,100
Stock Award Activity	10,262		(2)	(10,936)	10,977	0		10,301		0
Dividends Declared	0		0	(23,727)	0		0	(23,727)		0
Distributions to Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries	0		0	0	0		0	0		(3,410)
Purchase of Treasury Stock	0		0	0	(37,197)		0	(37,197)		0
Balance at March 31, 2024	\$ 485,265	\$	0	\$1,234,931	\$ (547,623)	\$	(25,146)	\$1,147,427	\$	73,130
Net Income (Loss)	0		0	21,027	0		0	21,027		(1,802)
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), net of tax	0		0	0	0		526	526		13
Subscriptions—Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest Holders	0		0	0	0		0	0		16,303
Consolidation (Deconsolidation)	0		0	0	0		0	0		(52,723)
Stock Award Activity	6,128		0	(8)	8		0	6,128		0
Dividends Declared	0		0	(110,106)	0		0	(110,106)		0
Distributions to Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries	0		0	0	0		0	0		(4,430)
Purchase of Treasury Stock	0		0	0	(47,977)		0	(47,977)		0
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ 491,393	\$	0	\$1,145,844	\$ (595,592)	\$	(24,620)	\$1,017,025	\$	30,491

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

(dollars in thousands) (unaudited)

	Fede	rated Hermes, Ir	nc. Shareholders	' Equi	ty			
	Common Stock	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Cor	occumulated Other omprehensive come (Loss), net of tax Formal Formanent Formal		Noi Ii Su	edeemable ncontrolling nterests in absidiaries/ emporary Equity
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 441,142	\$1,015,589	\$ (365,363)	\$	(45,676)	\$1,045,692	\$	61,821
Net Income (Loss)	0	69,601	0		0	69,601		1,865
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), net of tax	0	0	0		9,620	9,620		232
Subscriptions—Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest Holders	0	0	0		0	0		12,776
Consolidation (Deconsolidation)	0	0	0		0	0		(33,962)
Stock Award Activity	10,677	(9,950)	9,950		0	10,677		0
Dividends Declared	0	(24,145)	0		0	(24,145)		0
Distributions to Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries	0	0	0		0	0		(3,224)
Purchase of Treasury Stock	0	0	(4,742)		0	(4,742)		0
Balance at March 31, 2023	\$ 451,819	\$1,051,095	\$ (360,155)	\$	(36,056)	\$1,106,703	\$	39,508
Net Income (Loss)	0	72,175	0		0	72,175		827
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), net of tax	0	0	0		14,477	14,477		328
Subscriptions—Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest Holders	0	0	0		0	0		19,684
Consolidation (Deconsolidation)	0	0	0		0	0		12,119
Stock Award Activity	8,970	(39)	20		0	8,951		0
Dividends Declared	0	(25,084)	0		0	(25,084)		0
Distributions to Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries	0	0	0		0	0		(14,454)
Purchase of Treasury Stock	0	0	(43,366)		0	(43,366)		0
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ 460,789	\$1,098,147	\$ (403,501)	\$	(21,579)	\$1,133,856	\$	58,012

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(dollars in thousands)
(unaudited)

(unaudited)	Six Mont June	
	2024	2023
Operating Activities		
Net Income Including the Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries	\$ 94,235	\$ 144,468
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		
Depreciation and Amortization	11,159	14,724
Share-Based Compensation Expense	16,571	19,677
(Gain) Loss on Disposal of Assets	243	(401)
Provision (Benefit) for Deferred Income Taxes	(4,631)	(1,376)
Consolidation/(Deconsolidation) of Other Entities	(2,759)	(2,176)
Net Unrealized (Gain) Loss on Investments	(998)	(5,118)
Net Sales (Purchases) of Investments—Consolidated Investment Companies	(8,964)	(17,843)
Impairment of Intangible Asset	66,331	0
Other Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		
(Increase) Decrease in Receivables, net	7,392	(40,636)
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	6,297	16,982
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	(62,846)	(46,268)
Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities	(19,325)	(5,469)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	102,705	76,564
Investing Activities		
Purchases of Investments—Affiliates and Other	(28,611)	(11,245)
Proceeds from Redemptions of Investments—Affiliates and Other	66,322	22,213
Cash Paid for Property and Equipment	(6,547)	(3,722)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	31,164	7,246
Financing Activities		
Dividends Paid	(134,015)	(49,260)
Purchases of Treasury Stock	(85,268)	(47,915)
Distributions to Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries	(7,840)	(17,678)
Contributions from Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries	19,027	32,460
Cash paid for Business Acquisitions	(517)	(857)
Other Financing Activities	38	0
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Financing Activities	(208,575)	(83,250)
Effect of Exchange Rates on Cash, Cash Equivalents, Restricted Cash and Restricted Cash Equivalents	(1,337)	5,651
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash, Cash Equivalents, Restricted Cash and Restricted Cash Equivalents	(76,043)	6,211
Cash, Cash Equivalents, Restricted Cash and Restricted Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Period	386,954	340,955
Cash, Cash Equivalents, Restricted Cash and Restricted Cash Equivalents, End of Period	310,911	347,166
Less: Restricted Cash Recorded in Other Current Assets	3,005	4,014
Less: Restricted Cash and Restricted Cash Equivalents Recorded in Other Long-Term Assets	473	395
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 307,433	\$ 342,757

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(unaudited)

(1) Basis of Presentation

Federated Hermes, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively, Federated Hermes) provide investment advisory, administrative, distribution and other services to various investment products, including sponsored investment companies, collective funds and other funds (Federated Hermes Funds) and separate accounts (which include separately managed accounts, institutional accounts, certain sub-advised funds and other managed products, collectively Separate Accounts) in both domestic and international markets. In addition, Federated Hermes markets and provides stewardship and real estate development services to various domestic and international companies. The interim consolidated financial statements of Federated Hermes included herein (Consolidated Financial Statements) have been prepared in accordance with United States (U.S.) generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). In the opinion of management, the financial statements reflect all adjustments that are of a normal recurring nature and necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods presented.

In preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported therein and in the accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates, and such differences may be material to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with Federated Hermes' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023. Certain items reported in previous periods have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation.

(2) Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Recently Issued Accounting Guidance Not Yet Adopted

Segment Reporting

In November 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standard Update (ASU) No. 2023-07, Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures. This ASU updates reportable segment disclosures by expanding the frequency and extent of segment disclosures. The update is effective for Federated Hermes for the December 31, 2024 Form 10-K, and for interim periods starting in fiscal year 2025. Early adoption is permitted and requires the retrospective adoption method. Management is currently evaluating this ASU to determine its impact on Federated Hermes' disclosures.

Income Taxes

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU No. 2023-09, Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures. This ASU updates income tax disclosures by requiring annual disclosures of disaggregated information, based on meeting a quantitative threshold, about a reporting entity's effective tax rate reconciliation as well as information on income taxes paid. The update is effective for Federated Hermes for the December 31, 2025 Form 10-K, with early adoption permitted, and allows for either the prospective or retrospective adoption method. Management is currently evaluating this ASU to determine its impact on Federated Hermes' disclosures. Management does not plan to early adopt this update and will elect the retrospective transition method.

(3) Significant Accounting Policies

For a complete listing of Federated Hermes' significant accounting policies, please refer to Federated Hermes' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.

(unaudited)

(4) Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The following table presents Federated Hermes' revenue disaggregated by asset class:

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended				
						June 30,				
(in thousands)		2024		2023		2024		2023		
Money market	\$	207,389	\$	193,326	\$	410,029	\$	372,862		
Equity		115,742		123,266		232,257		247,918		
Fixed-income		48,616		47,436		97,291		95,327		
Other		30,836		69,204		59,377		99,314		
Total Revenue	\$	402,583	\$	433,232	\$	798,954	\$	815,421		

The following table presents Federated Hermes' revenue disaggregated by performance obligation:

		Three Months Ended				Six Months Ended			
	June 30,				June 30,				
(in thousands)		2024		2023		2024		2023	
Investment Advisory ¹	\$	270,622	\$	310,337	\$	534,916	\$	574,318	
Administrative Services		95,346		85,199		190,132		164,378	
Distribution ²		30,060		32,017		61,426		64,894	
Other		6,555		5,679		12,480		11,831	
Total Revenue	\$	402,583	\$	433,232	\$	798,954	\$	815,421	

¹ The Investment Advisory performance obligation can also include administrative, distribution and other services recorded as a single asset management fee under Topic 606, as it is part of a unitary fee arrangement with a single performance obligation.

The following table presents Federated Hermes' revenue disaggregated by geographical market:

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,				
(in thousands)	 2024		2023		2024		2023		
Domestic	\$ 340,568	\$	330,101	\$	675,996	\$	649,049		
Foreign ¹	62,015		103,131		122,958		166,372		
Total Revenue	\$ 402,583	\$	433,232	\$	798,954	\$	815,421		

¹ This represents revenue earned by non-U.S. domiciled subsidiaries.

The following table presents Federated Hermes' revenue disaggregated by offering type:

Three Months Ended					Six Months Ended					
		Jun	e 30,		June 30,					
(in thousands)		2024		2023		2024		2023		
Federated Hermes Funds	\$	338,647	\$	368,614	\$	669,588	\$	684,545		
Separate Accounts		59,511		60,916		121,014		123,008		
Other		4,425		3,702		8,352		7,868		
Total Revenue	\$	402,583	\$	433,232	\$	798,954	\$	815,421		

For nearly all revenue, Federated Hermes is not required to disclose certain estimates of revenue expected to be recorded in future periods as a result of applying the following exemptions: (1) contract terms are short-term in nature (i.e., expected duration of one year or less due to termination provisions) and (2) the expected variable consideration would be allocated entirely to future service periods.

² The Distribution performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time. A portion of this revenue relates to a performance obligation that has been satisfied in a prior period.

(unaudited)

Federated Hermes expects to recognize revenue in the future related to the unsatisfied portion of the stewardship services and real estate development performance obligations at June 30, 2024. Generally, contracts are billed in arrears on a quarterly basis and have a three-year duration, after which the customer can terminate the agreement with notice, generally from three to twelve months. Based on existing contracts and the applicable foreign exchange rates as of June 30, 2024, Federated Hermes may recognize future fixed revenue from these services as presented in the following table:

lin	thousands

Remainder of 2024	\$ 7,117
2025	4,537
2026	2,038
2027 and Thereafter	262
Total Remaining Unsatisfied Performance Obligations	\$ 13,954

(5) Concentration Risk

(a) Revenue Concentration by Asset Class

The following table presents Federated Hermes' significant revenue concentration by asset class:

	Six Months En	iaea
	June 30,	
	2024	2023
Money Market Assets	52 %	46 %
Equity Assets	29 %	30 %
Fixed-Income Assets	12 %	12 %

Civ Months Ended

(b) Revenue Concentration by Investment Fund

Federated Hermes' revenue concentration in the investment fund, Federated Hermes Government Obligations Fund, was 15% for both the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2024, and 13% and 14% for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2023, respectively. A significant and prolonged decline in the AUM in this fund could have a material adverse effect on Federated Hermes' future revenues and, to a lesser extent, net income, due to a related reduction in distribution expenses associated with this fund.

(c) Revenue Concentration by Intermediary

Approximately 10% of Federated Hermes' total revenue for both the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2024, and 11% for both the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2023, was derived from services provided to one intermediary, The Bank of New York Corporation, including its Pershing subsidiary. Significant negative changes in Federated Hermes' relationship with this intermediary could have a material adverse effect on Federated Hermes' future revenues and, to a lesser extent, net income due to a related reduction in distribution expenses associated with this intermediary.

(6) Consolidation

The Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of Federated Hermes, certain Federated Hermes Funds, carried interest vehicles and other entities in which Federated Hermes holds a controlling financial interest. Federated Hermes is involved with various entities in the normal course of business that may be deemed to be voting rights entities (VREs) or variable interest entities (VIEs). From time to time, Federated Hermes invests in Federated Hermes Funds for general corporate investment purposes or, in the case of newly launched offerings, in order to provide investable cash to establish a performance history. Federated Hermes' investment in, and/or receivables from, these Federated Hermes Funds represents its maximum exposure to loss. The assets of each consolidated Federated Hermes Fund are restricted for use by that Federated Hermes Fund. Generally, neither creditors of, nor equity investors in, the Federated Hermes Funds have any recourse to Federated Hermes' general credit. Given that the entities consolidated by Federated Hermes generally follow investment company accounting, which prescribes fair-value accounting, a deconsolidation generally does not result in the recognition of gains or losses for Federated Hermes.

In the ordinary course of business, Federated Hermes could implement fee waivers, rebates or expense reimbursements for various Federated Hermes Funds for competitive reasons (such as waivers to maintain the yields of certain money market funds

(unaudited)

at or above zero (Voluntary Yield-related Fee Waivers) or to maintain certain fund expense ratios/yields), to meet regulatory requirements or to meet contractual requirements (collectively, Fee Waivers). For the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, Fee Waivers totaled \$103.1 million and \$211.3 million, respectively, of which \$77.4 million and \$158.5 million, respectively, related to money market funds which meet the scope exception of the consolidation guidance. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, Fee Waivers totaled \$131.3 million and \$256.5 million, respectively, of which \$103.4 million and \$199.5 million, respectively, related to money market funds which meet the scope exception of the consolidation guidance.

Like other sponsors of investment companies, Federated Hermes in the ordinary course of business could make capital contributions to certain affiliated money market Federated Hermes Funds in connection with the reorganization of such funds into certain other affiliated money market Federated Hermes Funds or in connection with the liquidation of money market Federated Hermes Funds. In these instances, such capital contributions typically are intended to either offset realized losses or other permanent impairments to a fund's net asset value (NAV), increase the market-based NAV per share of the fund's portfolio that is being reorganized to equal the market-based NAV per share of the acquiring fund or to bear a portion of expenses relating to a fund liquidation. Under current money market fund regulations and Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) guidance, Federated Hermes is required to report these types of capital contributions to U.S. money market mutual funds to the SEC as financial support to the investment company that is being reorganized or liquidated. There were no contributions for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

In accordance with Federated Hermes' consolidation accounting policy, Federated Hermes first determines whether the entity being evaluated is a VRE or a VIE. Once this determination is made, Federated Hermes proceeds with its evaluation of whether to consolidate the entity. The disclosures below represent the results of such evaluations as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

(a) Consolidated Voting Rights Entities

Although most of the Federated Hermes Funds meet the definition of a VRE, Federated Hermes consolidates VREs only when it is deemed to have control. Consolidated VREs are reported on Federated Hermes' Consolidated Balance Sheets primarily in Investments—Consolidated Investment Companies and Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries.

(b) Consolidated Variable Interest Entities

As of the periods ended June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, Federated Hermes was deemed to be the primary beneficiary of, and therefore consolidated, certain entities as a result of its controlling financial interest. The following table presents the balances related to the consolidated VIEs that were included on the Consolidated Balance Sheets as well as Federated Hermes' net interest in the consolidated VIEs for each period presented:

(in millions)	June 30, 2024	Decer	mber 31, 2023
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 8.0	\$	10.1
Investments—Consolidated Investment Companies	14.5		12.4
Receivables-Affiliates	0.0		4.7
Other Current Assets	0.5		0.3
Other Long-Term Assets	12.8		13.8
Less: Liabilities	8.4		14.0
Less: Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), net of tax	0.4		0.6
Less: Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries	11.5		11.6
Federated Hermes' Net Interest in VIEs	\$ 15.5	\$	15.1

Federated Hermes' net interest in the consolidated VIEs represents the value of Federated Hermes' economic ownership interest in those VIEs. Federated Hermes consolidated one VIE in the first quarter 2024 due primarily to redemptions from outside investors, which was subsequently deconsolidated in the second quarter 2024 due primarily to additional investments from outside investors. There was no material impact to the Consolidated Statements of Income as a result of this consolidation and deconsolidation on a net basis.

(c) Non-Consolidated Variable Interest Entities

Federated Hermes' involvement with certain Federated Hermes Funds that are deemed to be VIEs includes serving as investment manager, or, at times, holding a minority interest or both. Federated Hermes' variable interest is not deemed to

(unaudited)

absorb losses or receive benefits that could potentially be significant to the VIE. Therefore, Federated Hermes is not the primary beneficiary of these VIEs and has not consolidated these entities.

Federated Hermes' maximum risk of loss related to investments in variable interests in non-consolidated VIEs was \$11.1 million (primarily recorded in Investments—Affiliates and Other on the Consolidated Balance Sheets) at June 30, 2024 and was \$133.9 million (primarily recorded in Cash and Cash Equivalents on the Consolidated Balance Sheets) at December 31, 2023, and was entirely related to Federated Hermes Funds. AUM for these non-consolidated Federated Hermes Funds totaled \$386.4 million and \$9.3 billion at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. Of the Receivables—Affiliates at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, \$0.3 million and \$1.1 million, respectively, was related to non-consolidated VIEs and represented Federated Hermes' maximum risk of loss from non-consolidated VIE receivables.

(7) Investments

At June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, Federated Hermes held investments in non-consolidated fluctuating-value Federated Hermes Funds of \$65.9 million and \$99.5 million, respectively, primarily in mutual funds which represent equity investments for Federated Hermes, and held investments in Separate Accounts of \$6.7 million and \$7.5 million at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, that were included in Investments—Affiliates and Other on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Federated Hermes' investments held in Separate Accounts as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 were primarily composed of stocks of large domestic and foreign companies (\$2.9 million and \$3.4 million, respectively) and domestic debt securities (\$2.4 million for both periods).

Federated Hermes consolidates certain Federated Hermes Funds into its Consolidated Financial Statements as a result of its controlling financial interest in these Federated Hermes Funds (see Note (6)). All investments held by these consolidated Federated Hermes Funds were included in Investments—Consolidated Investment Companies on Federated Hermes' Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The investments held by consolidated Federated Hermes Funds as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 were primarily composed of domestic and foreign debt securities (\$59.6 million and \$59.1 million, respectively), stocks of large foreign companies (\$7.0 million and \$4.9 million, respectively), and stocks of small and mid-sized domestic and foreign companies (\$4.5 million and \$4.2 million, respectively).

The following table presents gains and losses recognized in Gain (Loss) on Securities, net on the Consolidated Statements of Income in connection with Federated Hermes' investments:

	,	Three Mor June	 Ended	Six Mont June	 ıded
(in thousands)		2024	2023	2024	2023
Investments—Consolidated Investment Companies					
Net Unrealized Gains (Losses)	\$	(2,130)	\$ 641	\$ (2,137)	\$ 4,262
Net Realized Gains (Losses) ¹		(37)	(335)	(223)	(975)
Net Gains (Losses) on Investments—Consolidated Investment Companies		(2,167)	306	(2,360)	3,287
Investments—Affiliates and Other					
Net Unrealized Gains (Losses)		1,794	(1,496)	3,135	856
Net Realized Gains (Losses) ¹		(483)	1,230	116	1,390
Net Gains (Losses) on Investments—Affiliates and Other		1,311	(266)	3,251	2,246
Gain (Loss) on Securities, net	\$	(856)	\$ 40	\$ 891	\$ 5,533

¹ Realized gains and losses are computed on a specific-identification basis.

(unaudited)

(8) Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or the price that would be paid to transfer a liability as of the measurement date. A fair-value reporting hierarchy exists for disclosure of fair value measurements based on the observability of the inputs to the valuation of financial assets and liabilities. The levels are:

Level 1 – Quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets. Level 1 assets can include equity and debt securities that are traded in an active exchange market, including shares of mutual funds.

Level 2 – Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs and significant value drivers are observable in active markets. Level 2 assets and liabilities may include debt and equity securities, purchased loans and over-the-counter derivative contracts whose fair value is determined using a pricing model without significant unobservable market data inputs.

Level 3 – Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable in active markets.

NAV Practical Expedient – Investments that calculate NAV per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient. These investments have been excluded from the fair value hierarchy.

(a) Fair Value Measurements on a Recurring Basis

The following table presents fair value measurements for classes of Federated Hermes' financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

(in thousands)	Level 1	1	Level 2]	Level 3	,	Γotal
June 30, 2024							
Financial Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 307,433	\$	0	\$	0	\$3	07,433
Investments—Consolidated Investment Companies	13,288		59,559		0		72,847
Investments—Affiliates and Other	69,781		2,796		22		72,599
Other ¹	5,830		1,478		0		7,308
Total Financial Assets	\$ 396,332	\$	63,833	\$	22	\$4	60,187
Total Financial Liabilities ²	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	7,524	\$	7,524
December 31, 2023							
Financial Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 383,180	\$	0	\$	0	\$3	83,180
Investments—Consolidated Investment Companies	11,402		59,141		0		70,543
Investments—Affiliates and Other	104,341		2,588		23	1	06,952
Other ¹	6,160		1,644		0		7,804
Total Financial Assets	\$ 505,083	\$	63,373	\$	23	\$5	68,479
Total Financial Liabilities ²	\$ 0	\$	335	\$	7,626	\$	7,961

¹ Amounts primarily consist of restricted cash, security deposits and derivative assets.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Federated Hermes did not hold any nonfinancial assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2024 or December 31, 2023.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and Cash Equivalents include deposits with banks and investments in money market funds. Investments in money market funds totaled \$266.0 million and \$333.3 million at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. Cash investments in publicly available money market funds are valued under the market approach through the use of quoted market prices in an active market, which is the NAV of the funds, and are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy.

² Amounts primarily consist of acquisition-related future contingent consideration liabilities.

(unaudited)

<u>Investments—Consolidated Investment Companies</u>

Investments—Consolidated Investment Companies represent securities held by consolidated Federated Hermes Funds. For publicly traded securities available in an active market, the fair value of these securities is classified as Level 1 when the fair value is based on quoted market prices. The fair values of certain securities held by consolidated Federated Hermes Funds which are determined by third-party pricing services and utilize observable market inputs of comparable investments are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy.

Investments—Affiliates and Other

Investments—Affiliates and Other primarily represent investments in fluctuating-value Federated Hermes Funds, as well as investments held in Separate Accounts. For investments in fluctuating-value Federated Hermes Funds that are publicly available, the securities are valued under the market approach through the use of quoted market prices available in an active market, which is the NAV of the funds, and are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. For publicly traded securities available in an active market, the fair value of these securities is classified as Level 1 when the fair value is based on quoted market prices. The fair values of certain securities which are determined by third-party pricing services and utilize observable market inputs of comparable investments are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy.

Acquisition-related future contingent consideration liabilities

From time to time, pursuant to agreements entered into in connection with certain business combinations and asset acquisitions, Federated Hermes could be required to make future consideration payments if certain contingencies are met. In connection with certain business combinations, Federated Hermes records a liability representing the estimated fair value of future consideration payments as of the acquisition date. The liability is subsequently re-measured at fair value on a recurring basis with changes in fair value recorded in earnings. As of June 30, 2024, acquisition-related future consideration liabilities of \$7.5 million were primarily related to business combinations made in 2022 and 2020 and were recorded in Other Current Liabilities (\$4.2 million) and Other Long-Term Liabilities (\$3.3 million) on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Management estimated the fair value of future consideration payments based primarily upon expected future cash flows using an income approach valuation methodology with unobservable market data inputs (Level 3).

The following table presents a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances for Federated Hermes' liability for future consideration payments related to these business combinations:

lin	thousands)
(in	inousanas)

Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 7,626
Changes in Fair Value	415
Contingent Consideration Payments	(517)
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ 7,524

Investments using Practical Expedients

For investments in mutual funds that are not publicly available but for which the NAV is calculated monthly and for which there are redemption restrictions, the investments are valued using NAV as a practical expedient and are excluded from the fair value hierarchy. As of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, these investments totaled \$18.5 million and \$19.9 million, respectively, and were recorded in Other Long-Term Assets.

(b) Fair Value Measurements on a Nonrecurring Basis

Due to an indication of potential impairment as of June 30, 2024, management measured the fair value of an indefinite-lived intangible asset related to the FHL right to manage public fund assets acquired in connection with the 2018 FHL acquisition. The fair value of this asset was determined using an income-based approach, which resulted in a fair value of \$91.3 million as of June 30, 2024 (Level 3). The key assumptions used in the fair value measurement were projected revenue growth rates, projected pre-tax profit margins and the discount rate applied to projected cash flows. The projected revenue growth rates used in the measurement were between 0% and 13% (with an average of 9%) over the 2024 through 2033 forecast period, and a normalized revenue terminal growth rate of 2.5%. Projected pre-tax profit margins were between -20% and 28% (with an average of 12%) over the same forecast period, and a normalized terminal pre-tax profit margin of 28%. The discount rate used in the fair value measurement was 17.6%. See Note (10) for additional information related to the impairment of indefinite-lived intangible assets.

Federated Hermes did not hold any other assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis at June 30, 2024.

(unaudited)

(c) Fair Value Measurements of Other Financial Instruments

The fair value of Federated Hermes' debt is estimated by management using observable market data (Level 2). Based on this fair value estimate, the carrying value of debt appearing on the Consolidated Balance Sheets approximates fair value, net of unamortized issuance costs in the amount of \$2.0 million.

(9) Derivatives

Federated Hermes enters into foreign currency forward transactions in order to hedge against foreign exchange rate fluctuations related to Federated Hermes Limited (FHL), a British Pound Sterling-denominated subsidiary. None of these forwards have been designated as hedging instruments for accounting purposes.

As of June 30, 2024, Federated Hermes held foreign currency forwards expiring from September 2024 through March 2025 with a combined notional amount of £86.3 million. Federated Hermes recorded \$1.5 million in Receivables, net on the Consolidated Balance Sheets, which represented the fair value of these derivative instruments as of June 30, 2024.

As of December 31, 2023, Federated Hermes held foreign currency forwards expiring from March 2024 through September 2024 with two counterparties. For foreign currency forwards with a notional amount of £28.8 million, Federated Hermes recorded \$1.6 million in Receivables, net on the Consolidated Balance Sheets, which represented the fair value as of December 31, 2023. For foreign currency forwards with a combined notional amount of £55.5 million, Federated Hermes recorded \$0.3 million in Other Current Liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets, which represented the fair value as of December 31, 2023.

(10) Intangible Assets, including Goodwill

Intangible Assets, net at June 30, 2024 decreased \$73.9 million from December 31, 2023 primarily due to a \$66.3 million non-cash impairment of an indefinite-lived intangible asset, \$6.5 million of amortization expense and a \$1.7 million decrease in the value of intangible assets denominated in a foreign currency as a result of foreign exchange rate fluctuations.

Due to actual results trailing projected results, driven by a combination of lower gross sales and higher redemptions for the quarter ended June 30, 2024 as compared to the quarter ended March 31, 2024, management concluded that an indicator of potential impairment existed as of June 30, 2024 for the indefinite-lived intangible asset related to the FHL right to manage public fund assets acquired in connection with the 2018 FHL acquisition. Management used an income-based approach, the discounted cash flow method, to value the asset as of June 30, 2024, which resulted in a non-cash impairment charge of \$66.3 million. The non-cash impairment was recorded in Operating Expenses - Intangible Asset Related on the Consolidated Statements of Income. After recording the impairment, as of June 30, 2024, the indefinite-lived intangible asset related to the FHL right to manage public fund assets totaled \$91.3 million. See Note (8) for additional information related to the fair value measurement of this indefinite-lived intangible asset.

Goodwill at June 30, 2024 decreased \$1.1 million from December 31, 2023 as a result of foreign exchange rate fluctuations on goodwill denominated in a foreign currency.

(11) Debt

Unsecured Senior Notes

On March 17, 2022, Federated Hermes entered into a Note Purchase Agreement (Note Purchase Agreement) by and among Federated Hermes and the purchasers of certain unsecured senior notes in the aggregate amount of \$350 million (\$350 million Notes), at a fixed interest rate of 3.29% per annum, payable semiannually in arrears in March and September in each year of the agreement. Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and PNC Capital Markets LLC acted as lead placement agents in relation to the \$350 million Notes and certain subsidiaries of Federated Hermes are guarantors of the obligations owed under the Note Purchase Agreement. As of June 30, 2024, \$348.0 million, net of unamortized issuance costs in the amount of \$2.0 million, was recorded in Long-Term Debt on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The entire principal amount of the \$350 million Notes will become due March 17, 2032, subject to certain prepayment requirements under limited conditions. Federated Hermes can elect to prepay the \$350 million Notes under certain limited circumstances including with a make-whole amount if prepaid without the consent of the holders of the \$350 million Notes.

(unaudited)

The Note Purchase Agreement does not feature a facility for the further issuance of additional notes or borrowing of any other amounts and there is no commitment fee payable in connection with the \$350 million Notes.

The Note Purchase Agreement includes representations and warranties, affirmative and negative financial covenants, including an interest coverage ratio covenant and a leverage ratio covenant, reporting requirements, other non-financial covenants and other customary terms and conditions. Federated Hermes was in compliance with all of its covenants at and during the sixmonth period ended June 30, 2024. See the Liquidity and Capital Resources section of Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for additional information.

The Note Purchase Agreement includes certain stated events of default and cross default provisions which would permit the lenders/counterparties to accelerate the repayment of the \$350 million Notes if not cured within the applicable grace periods. The events of default generally include breaches of contract, failure to make required payments, insolvency, certain material misrepresentations and other proceedings, whether voluntary or involuntary, that would require repayment of the \$350 million Notes prior to their stated date of maturity. Any such accelerated amounts would accrue interest at a default rate and could include an additional make-whole amount upon repayment. The \$350 million Notes rank without preference or priority in relation to other unsecured and senior indebtedness of Federated Hermes.

Revolving Credit Facility

On July 30, 2021, Federated Hermes entered into an unsecured Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement by and among Federated Hermes, certain of its subsidiaries as guarantors party thereto, a syndicate of eleven banks as Lenders party thereto, PNC Bank, National Association as administrative agent, PNC Capital Markets LLC, as sole bookrunner and joint lead arranger, Citigroup Global Markets, Inc., as joint lead arranger, Citibank, N.A. as syndication agent, and Toronto-Dominion Bank, New York Branch as documentation agent (Credit Agreement). The Credit Agreement consists of a \$350 million revolving credit facility with an additional \$200 million available via an optional increase (or accordion) feature. Borrowings under the Credit Agreement may be used for general corporate purposes, including, without limitation, stock repurchases, dividend payments (including any special dividend payments), and acquisitions.

The interest on borrowings from the revolving credit facility is calculated at the term Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR) which includes a benchmark adjustment based on its historical relationship to the London Interbank Offering Rate (LIBOR). The borrowings under the revolving credit facility may include up to \$50 million for which interest is calculated at the daily SOFR plus a spread unless a base rate option is elected (Swing Line). Effective July 1, 2023, Federated Hermes began using SOFR as a replacement to LIBOR in order to calculate interest on borrowings, if any, as permitted by the Credit Agreement. This is only a change to the rate index used for future borrowings under the Credit Agreement due to the discontinuance of LIBOR in the market and is not an amendment to the Credit Agreement.

The Credit Agreement, which expires on July 30, 2026, has no principal payment schedule, but instead requires that any outstanding principal be repaid by the expiration date. Federated Hermes, however, can elect to make discretionary principal payments. There was no activity on the Credit Agreement during the six months ended June 30, 2024.

As of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, there were no outstanding borrowings under the revolving credit facility. The commitment fee under the Credit Agreement is 0.10% per annum on the daily unused portion of each Lender's commitment. As of June 30, 2024, Federated Hermes has \$350 million available for borrowings under the revolving credit facility and an additional \$200 million available via its optional accordion feature.

The Credit Agreement includes representations and warranties, affirmative and negative financial covenants, including an interest coverage ratio covenant and a leverage ratio covenant, reporting requirements, other non-financial covenants and other customary terms and conditions. Federated Hermes was in compliance with all covenants at and during the six months ended June 30, 2024. See the Liquidity and Capital Resources section of Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for additional information.

The Credit Agreement also has certain stated events of default and cross default provisions which would permit the lenders/counterparties to accelerate the repayment of debt outstanding if not cured within the applicable grace periods. The events of default generally include breaches of contract, failure to make required loan payments, insolvency, cessation of business, notice of lien or assessment, and other proceedings, whether voluntary or involuntary, that would require the repayment of amounts borrowed. The Credit Agreement also requires certain subsidiaries to enter into a Third Amended and Restated Continuing Agreement of Guaranty and Suretyship to guarantee payment of all obligations incurred through the Credit Agreement.

(unaudited)

(12) Share-Based Compensation

During the six months ended June 30, 2024, Federated Hermes awarded 391,107 shares of restricted Class B common stock, the majority of which was granted in connection with a bonus program in which certain key employees received a portion of their bonus in the form of restricted stock under the Stock Incentive Plan (the Plan). This restricted stock, which was granted on the bonus payment date and issued out of treasury, generally vests over a three-year period.

During 2023, Federated Hermes awarded 375,796 shares of restricted Class B common stock in connection with a bonus program in which certain key employees received a portion of their bonus in the form of restricted stock under the Plan. This bonus restricted stock, which was granted on the bonus payment date and issued out of treasury, generally vests over a three-year period. Federated Hermes also awarded 414,500 shares of restricted Class B common stock under this same Plan that generally vest over a ten-year period. In addition, Federated Hermes awarded 86,000 shares of restricted Class B common stock under the Federated Hermes UK Sub-Plan that generally vest over a five-year period.

(13) Equity

In October 2023, the Federated Hermes board of directors authorized a share repurchase program with no stated expiration date that allows the repurchase of up to 5.0 million shares of Class B common stock. No other program existed as of June 30, 2024. The program authorizes executive management to determine the timing and the amount of shares for each purchase. The repurchased stock is to be held in treasury for employee share-based compensation plans, potential acquisitions and other corporate activities, unless Federated Hermes' board of directors subsequently determines to retire the repurchased stock and restore the shares to authorized but unissued status (rather than holding the shares in treasury). During the six months ended June 30, 2024, Federated Hermes repurchased approximately 2.6 million shares of its Class B common stock for \$84.5 million (\$2.0 million of which was accrued in Other Current Liabilities as of June 30, 2024), nearly all of which were repurchased in the open market. At June 30, 2024, approximately 2.0 million shares remain available to be repurchased under this share repurchase program.

The following table presents the activity for the Class B common stock and Treasury stock for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023. Class A shares have been excluded as there was no activity during these same periods.

	Three Mont	hs Ended	Six Month		
	June 30,			30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Class B Shares					
Beginning Balance	84,149,976	89,519,139	84,840,989	89,275,935	
Stock Award Activity	9,600	7,200	400,707	382,996	
Purchase of Treasury Stock	(1,559,200)	(1,236,199)	(2,641,320)	(1,368,791)	
Ending Balance	82,600,376	88,290,140	82,600,376	88,290,140	
Treasury Shares					
Beginning Balance	15,355,480	9,986,317	14,664,467	10,229,521	
Stock Award Activity	(9,600)	(7,200)	(400,707)	(382,996)	
Purchase of Treasury Stock	1,559,200	1,236,199	2,641,320	1,368,791	
Ending Balance	16,905,080	11,215,316	16,905,080	11,215,316	

(unaudited)

(14) Earnings Per Share Attributable to Federated Hermes, Inc. Shareholders

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share using the two-class method for amounts attributable to Federated Hermes:

	Three Mor	nths Ended	Six Mont	ths Ended
	June	2 30,	June	e 30,
(in thousands, except per share data)	2024	2023	2024	2023
Numerator				
Net Income Attributable to Federated Hermes, Inc.	\$ 21,027	\$ 72,175	\$ 96,060	\$141,776
Less: Total Net Income Available to Participating Unvested Restricted Shareholders ¹	(4,733)	(3,471)	(5,810)	(6,982)
Total Net Income Attributable to Federated Hermes Common Stock - Basic and Diluted	\$ 16,294	\$ 68,704	\$ 90,250	\$134,794
Denominator				
Basic Weighted-Average Federated Hermes Common Stock ²	80,026	84,930	80,367	84,902
Dilutive Impact from Non-forfeitable Restricted Stock	0	9	1	5
Diluted Weighted-Average Federated Hermes Common Stock ²	80,026	84,939	80,368	84,907
Earnings Per Share				
Net Income Attributable to Federated Hermes Common Stock - Basic and $\operatorname{Diluted}^2$	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.81	\$ 1.12	\$ 1.59

¹ Includes dividends paid on unvested restricted Federated Hermes Class B common stock and their proportionate share of any undistributed earnings attributable to Federated Hermes shareholders.

(15) Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Attributable to Federated Hermes, Inc. Shareholders

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), net of tax, attributable to Federated Hermes shareholders resulted from foreign currency translation gain (loss):

(in thousands)	
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ (19,911)
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	(4,709)
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ (24,620)
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ (45,676)
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	24,097
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ (21,579)

² Federated Hermes common stock excludes unvested restricted stock which are deemed participating securities in accordance with the two-class method of computing earnings per share, except for circumstances where shares vest upon retirement and the employee has reached retirement age.

(unaudited)

(16) Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries

The following table presents the changes in Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries:

(in thousands)	Ir	onsolidated evestment ompanies	Other Entities	Total
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$	14,341	\$ 11,504	\$ 25,845
Net Income (Loss)		(72)	49	(23)
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), net of tax		0	(106)	(106)
Subscriptions—Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest Holders		2,480	244	2,724
Consolidation/(Deconsolidation)		48,100	0	48,100
Distributions to Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries		(2,853)	(557)	(3,410)
Balance at March 31, 2024	\$	61,996	\$ 11,134	\$ 73,130
Net Income (Loss)		(1,658)	(144)	(1,802)
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), net of tax		0	13	13
Subscriptions—Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest Holders		16,315	(12)	16,303
Consolidation/(Deconsolidation)		(52,723)	0	(52,723)
Distributions to Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries		(2,933)	(1,497)	(4,430)
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$	20,997	\$ 9,494	\$ 30,491
(in thousands)	Ir	onsolidated evestment ompanies	Other Entities	Total
(in thousands) Balance at December 31, 2022	Ir	vestment	\$	\$ Total 61,821
	Ir C	ompanies	Entities	\$
Balance at December 31, 2022	Ir C	ompanies 50,317	Entities 11,504	\$ 61,821
Balance at December 31, 2022 Net Income (Loss)	Ir C	50,317 1,925	Entities 11,504 (60)	\$ 61,821 1,865
Balance at December 31, 2022 Net Income (Loss) Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), net of tax	Ir C	50,317 1,925 0	Entities 11,504 (60) 232	\$ 61,821 1,865 232
Balance at December 31, 2022 Net Income (Loss) Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), net of tax Subscriptions—Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest Holders	Ir C	50,317 1,925 0 12,669	Entities 11,504 (60) 232 107	\$ 61,821 1,865 232 12,776
Balance at December 31, 2022 Net Income (Loss) Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), net of tax Subscriptions—Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest Holders Consolidation/(Deconsolidation)	Ir C	1,925 0 12,669 (33,962)	Entities 11,504 (60) 232 107 0	\$ 61,821 1,865 232 12,776 (33,962)
Balance at December 31, 2022 Net Income (Loss) Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), net of tax Subscriptions—Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest Holders Consolidation/(Deconsolidation) Distributions to Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries	Ir C	1,925 0 12,669 (33,962) (2,499)	\$ Entities 11,504 (60) 232 107 0 (725)	61,821 1,865 232 12,776 (33,962) (3,224)
Balance at December 31, 2022 Net Income (Loss) Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), net of tax Subscriptions—Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest Holders Consolidation/(Deconsolidation) Distributions to Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries Balance at March 31, 2023	Ir C	1,925 0 12,669 (33,962) (2,499) 28,450	\$ Entities 11,504 (60) 232 107 0 (725) 11,058	61,821 1,865 232 12,776 (33,962) (3,224) 39,508
Balance at December 31, 2022 Net Income (Loss) Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), net of tax Subscriptions—Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest Holders Consolidation/(Deconsolidation) Distributions to Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries Balance at March 31, 2023 Net Income (Loss)	Ir C	1,925 0 12,669 (33,962) (2,499) 28,450 486	\$ Entities 11,504 (60) 232 107 0 (725) 11,058 341	61,821 1,865 232 12,776 (33,962) (3,224) 39,508 827
Balance at December 31, 2022 Net Income (Loss) Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), net of tax Subscriptions—Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest Holders Consolidation/(Deconsolidation) Distributions to Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries Balance at March 31, 2023 Net Income (Loss) Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), net of tax Subscriptions—Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest Holders Consolidation/(Deconsolidation)	Ir C	19,642 12,119	\$ Entities 11,504 (60) 232 107 0 (725) 11,058 341 328	61,821 1,865 232 12,776 (33,962) (3,224) 39,508 827 328
Balance at December 31, 2022 Net Income (Loss) Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), net of tax Subscriptions—Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest Holders Consolidation/(Deconsolidation) Distributions to Noncontrolling Interests in Subsidiaries Balance at March 31, 2023 Net Income (Loss) Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), net of tax Subscriptions—Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest Holders	Ir C	1,925 0 12,669 (33,962) (2,499) 28,450 486 0 19,642	\$ Entities 11,504 (60) 232 107 0 (725) 11,058 341 328 42	61,821 1,865 232 12,776 (33,962) (3,224) 39,508 827 328 19,684

(17) Commitments and Contingencies

(a) Contractual

From time to time, pursuant to agreements entered into in connection with certain business combinations and asset acquisitions, Federated Hermes is obligated to make future payments under various agreements to which it is a party. See Note (8) for additional information regarding these payments.

(b) Guarantees and Indemnifications

On an intercompany basis, various subsidiaries of Federated Hermes guarantee certain financial obligations of Federated Hermes, Inc. and of other consolidated subsidiaries, and Federated Hermes, Inc. guarantees certain financial and performance-related obligations of various wholly-owned subsidiaries. Federated Hermes or its subsidiaries also can guarantee the obligations of certain offerings, such as direct lending funds, as a condition to making seed or other investments in them.

(unaudited)

In addition, in the normal course of business, Federated Hermes has entered into contracts that provide a variety of indemnifications. Typically, obligations to indemnify third parties arise in the context of contracts entered into by Federated Hermes, under which Federated Hermes agrees to hold the other party harmless against losses arising out of the contract, provided the other party's actions are not deemed to have breached an agreed-upon standard of care. In each of these circumstances, payment by Federated Hermes is contingent on the other party making a claim for indemnity, subject to Federated Hermes' right to challenge the claim. Further, Federated Hermes' obligations under these agreements can be limited in terms of time and/or amount. It is not possible to predict the maximum potential amount of future payments under these or similar agreements due to the conditional nature of Federated Hermes' obligations and the unique facts and circumstances involved in each particular agreement. As of June 30, 2024, management does not believe that a material loss related to any of these matters is reasonably possible.

(c) Legal Proceedings

Like other companies, Federated Hermes has claims asserted and threatened against it in the ordinary course of business. As of June 30, 2024, Federated Hermes does not believe that a material loss related to any of these claims is reasonably possible.

(d) Other

During the first quarter 2023, an administrative error was identified related to a failure to register certain shares of a Federated Hermes closed-end tender fund. Federated Hermes estimated a probable cost of \$19.6 million as of June 30, 2024 related to correcting this issue, of which \$17.9 million represents a settlement with affected shareholders that was paid during the second quarter 2023. During the first quarter 2023, Federated Hermes recorded \$2.5 million to Operating Expenses - Other representing Federated Hermes' retention under the insurance policy. Management believes an insurance reimbursement of \$15.9 million is probable based on the contractual terms of certain insurance policies. Accordingly, \$15.9 million has been recorded to Receivables, net at June 30, 2024. However, the insurance claim is now the subject of litigation with two of Federated Hermes' insurance carriers. Changes to these estimates, which are contingent upon resolution of the insurance claim with the applicable insurers, could be materially different from the amount Federated Hermes has recorded.

In connection with the restructuring of an infrastructure fund, Federated Hermes purchased certain limited partners' rights to receive future carried interest at fair value, which was calculated by a third-party, for \$9.8 million and was included in Operating Expenses - Other in the second quarter 2023. Due to the restructuring, an existing clawback risk on previously earned carried interest was removed. The purchase of these carried interest rights and related legal and professional fees and other costs are not deductible for tax purposes. Negotiations for additional consideration continue with a subset of limited partners, with an additional \$5.1 million and \$1.9 million in consideration being recorded in Operating Expenses - Other in the second half of 2023 and first half of 2024, respectively. The final consideration may be different from the amounts recorded and the difference could be material.

(18) Income Taxes

The income tax provision was \$23.4 million for the three-month period ended June 30, 2024, as compared to \$27.5 million for the same period in 2023. The decrease in the income tax provision was primarily due to a net tax benefit associated with the impairment on a foreign indefinite-lived intangible asset in 2024 (\$6.0 million) and a decrease in 2024 for discrete charges for non-deductible costs for a fund restructuring (\$2.5 million), partially offset by an increase in U.S. income tax due to increased U.S. income (\$5.2 million). The effective tax rate was 54.9% for the three-month period ended June 30, 2024, as compared to 27.4% for the same period in 2023. The increase in the effective tax rate was primarily the result of a valuation allowance on foreign deferred tax assets and the impairment of a foreign indefinite-lived intangible asset.

The income tax provision was \$52.4 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2024, as compared to \$48.6 million for the same period in 2023. The increase in the income tax provision was primarily due to an increase in U.S. income tax due to increased U.S. income (\$11.0 million), partially offset by a net tax benefit associated with the impairment on a foreign indefinite-lived intangible asset in 2024 (\$6.0 million) and a decrease in 2024 for discrete charges for non-deductible costs for a fund restructuring (\$2.5 million). The effective tax rate was 35.8% for the six-month period ended June 30, 2024, as compared to 25.2% for the same period in 2023. The increase in the effective tax rate was primarily the result of a valuation allowance on foreign deferred tax assets and the impairment of a foreign indefinite-lived intangible asset.

(unaudited)

(19) Subsequent Events

On July 25, 2024, the board of directors declared a \$0.31 per share dividend to Federated Hermes' Class A and Class B common stock shareholders of record as of August 8, 2024 to be paid on August 15, 2024.

Part I, Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis

of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (unaudited)

The discussion and analysis below should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements appearing elsewhere in this report. Management has presumed that the readers of this interim financial information have read or have access to Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations appearing in Federated Hermes' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.

General

Federated Hermes is a global leader in active, responsible investing with \$782.7 billion in managed assets as of June 30, 2024. The majority of Federated Hermes' revenue is derived from advising Federated Hermes Funds and Separate Accounts in domestic and international public and private markets. Federated Hermes also derives revenue from providing administrative and other fund-related services (including distribution and shareholder servicing) as well as stewardship and real estate development services.

Investment advisory fees, administrative service fees and certain fees for other services, such as distribution and shareholder service fees, are contract-based and are generally calculated as a percentage of the average net assets of managed investment portfolios. Federated Hermes' revenue is primarily dependent upon factors that affect the value of managed/serviced assets, including market conditions and the ability to attract and retain assets. Generally, managed assets in Federated Hermes' public market investment products and strategies (together with other offered services, as applicable, offerings) can be redeemed or withdrawn at any time with no advance notice requirement, while managed assets in Federated Hermes' private market investment offerings are subject to restrictions to withdrawals. Fee rates for Federated Hermes' services generally vary by asset and service type and can vary based on changes in asset levels. Generally, advisory fees charged for services provided to multiasset and equity offerings are higher than advisory fees charged to alternative/private markets and fixed-income offerings, which in turn are higher than advisory fees charged to money market offerings. Likewise, Federated Hermes Funds typically have higher advisory fees than Separate Accounts. Similarly, revenue is also dependent upon the relative composition of average AUM across both asset and offering types. Federated Hermes can implement Fee Waivers for competitive reasons such as to maintain positive or zero net yields (Voluntary Yield-related Fee Waivers), to maintain certain fund expense ratios, to meet regulatory requirements or to meet contractual requirements. Since Federated Hermes' public market offerings are largely distributed and serviced through financial intermediary customers, Federated Hermes pays a portion of fees earned from sponsored offerings to the financial intermediary customers that sell these offerings. These payments are generally calculated as a percentage of net assets attributable to the applicable financial intermediary and represent the vast majority of Distribution expense on the Consolidated Statements of Income. Certain components of Distribution expense can vary depending upon the asset type, distribution channel and/or the size of the customer relationship. Federated Hermes generally pays out a larger portion of the revenue earned from managed assets in money market and multi-asset funds than the revenue earned from managed assets in equity, fixed-income and alternative/private markets funds.

Federated Hermes' most significant operating expenses are Compensation and Related expense and Distribution expense. Compensation and Related expense includes base salary and wages, incentive compensation and other employee expenses including payroll taxes and benefits. Incentive compensation, which includes share-based compensation, can vary depending on various factors including, but not limited to, the overall results of operations of Federated Hermes, investment management performance and sales performance.

The discussion and analysis of Federated Hermes' financial condition and results of operations are based on Federated Hermes' Consolidated Financial Statements. Federated Hermes operates in one operating segment, the investment management business. Management analyzes all expected revenue and expenses and considers market demands in determining an overall fee structure for services provided and in evaluating the addition of new business. Federated Hermes' growth and profitability are dependent upon its ability to attract and retain AUM and upon the profitability of those assets, which is impacted, in part, by Fee Waivers. Fees for mutual fund-related services are ultimately subject to the approval of the independent directors or trustees of the mutual funds and, as required by law, fund shareholders. Management believes that meaningful indicators of Federated Hermes' financial performance include AUM, gross and net product sales, total revenue and net income, both in total and per diluted share.

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Business Developments

Intangible Asset Impairment

A \$66.3 million non-cash impairment of an indefinite-lived intangible asset associated with the 2018 FHL acquisition was recorded in Intangible Asset Related expense on the Consolidated Statements of Income as of June 30, 2024. See Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Critical Accounting Policies, as well as Note (8) to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information related to the fair value measurement of this indefinite-lived intangible asset and Note (10) to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information related to this impairment of this indefinite-lived intangible asset.

Current Regulatory Developments

The business and regulatory environments in which Federated Hermes operates globally remain complex, uncertain, and subject to change. Federated Hermes and its investment management business are subject to extensive regulation, both within and outside of the U.S., including various laws, rules, and regulations globally that impose restrictions, limitations, registration, reporting and disclosure requirements on its business, and add complexity to its global compliance operations. For example, Federated Hermes and its offerings are subject to various: (1) federal securities laws, such as the Securities Act of 1933 (1933 Act), the Securities Act of 1934 (Exchange Act), Investment Company Act of 1940 (1940 Act), and Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (Advisers Act); (2) state laws regarding securities fraud and registration; and (3) regulations or other rules promulgated by various regulatory authorities, or other authorities. These regulatory requirements, and other regulatory developments, continue to impact the investment management industry generally, and will continue to impact, to various degrees, Federated Hermes' business, results of operations, financial condition, cash flows, and stock price (collectively, Financial Condition). Please see Federated Hermes' prior public filings, including, the discussions under Part 1, Item 1 – Business – Regulatory Matters, in Federated Hermes' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 (2023 Annual Report), for an overview of Federated Hermes' regulatory environment and related regulatory developments for periods prior to December 31, 2023, and under Part 1, Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis - Business Developments - Current Regulatory Developments, in Federated Hermes' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2024 (First Quarter 2024 Form 10-Q), for Federated Hermes' key regulatory developments and requirements for periods prior to March 31, 2024.

Regulatory Developments - Domestic

Federated Hermes' primary regulator in the U.S. is the SEC. U.S. regulatory matters addressed in Federated Hermes' 2023 Annual Report and First Quarter 2024 Form 10-Q included, among others, money market fund reform, environmental, social, governance (ESG) and sustainability, amendments to Rule 35d-1 under the 1940 Act, systematically important financial institutions designation by the Financial Stability Oversight Council, tailored shareholder reports, amendments to Form PF, and the share repurchase disclosure modernization rule, which was vacated by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit (Fifth Circuit). Key regulatory developments and requirements in the U.S. since March 31, 2024, that could significantly impact or relate to Federated Hermes' business and offerings include, among others, the following:

SEC Spring 2024 Reg Flex Agenda. The SEC published its Spring 2024 Unified Agenda of Regulatory and Declaratory Actions (SEC Spring 2024 Reg Flex Agenda) on July 8, 2024. The SEC Spring 2024 Reg Flex Agenda identified 34 rulemaking initiatives on the SEC's calendar for 2024 and 2025, including 19 final rules and 15 additional proposed rules. Among other developments, the SEC Spring 2024 Reg Flex Agenda signals that the SEC Staff is considering recommending that the SEC re-issue proposed rules on open-end fund liquidity risk management programs and swing pricing by April 2025, safeguarding advisory client assets (*i.e.*, amendments to the Custody Rule under the Advisers Act) by October 2024, and conflicts of interest associated with the use of predictive data analytics (or artificial intelligence) by broker-dealers and investment advisors by October 2024. The original proposed rules on these topics were subject to significant public comments that were opposed to many aspects of the proposed rules. For example, Federated Hermes strongly opposed the previously proposed rule on open-end fund liquidity risk management and swing pricing because Federated Hermes believes the implementation of swing pricing is unnecessary to achieve the SEC's desired objective, would be extremely costly, would be very difficult for the industry to implement, would be difficult for investors to understand, and would represent an unwarranted change in the character of open-end mutual funds which provide investors with the benefits of professional management, diversification, and access to the capital markets to help them meet their financial goals.

Examples of other proposed rules currently identified by the SEC Spring 2024 Reg Flex Agenda to be issued by October 2024 or April 2025 include, among others, human capital management disclosure, board diversity disclosure, amendments to the Rule 144 holding period, amendments to Regulation D, including updates to the accredited investor definition and Form D,

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fund fee disclosure and reform and broker-dealer and investment advisor conflicts in the use of predictive data analytics, artificial intelligence, machine learning and similar technologies. Examples of final rules that are currently identified by the SEC Spring 2024 Reg Flex Agenda to be issued by October 2024 or April 2025 include, among others, enhanced disclosure by certain investment advisors and investment companies about ESG investment practices, cybersecurity risk management for investment advisors and investment companies, and outsourcing by investor advisors. These final and proposed rules are expected to impose significant new requirements on the investment management industry, including Federated Hermes.

Key Court Decisions. The second quarter 2024 saw several court decisions that impact the regulation of the investment management industry, including, among other things, the potential ability to challenge regulation, the SEC's willingness to bring enforcement actions seeking civil penalties, the validity of the final private fund advisor rule promulgated by the SEC, and validity of certain aspects of the final proxy advisor rule. These decisions can significantly affect the U.S. regulatory agencies that regulate Federated Hermes' business, such as the SEC.

Overturning of the Chevron Doctrine. On June 28, 2024, the U.S. Supreme Court (Supreme Court), in its decision in *Loper Bright v. Raimondo and Relentless, Inc. v. Dep't of Commerce*, overturned a 40-year-old legal doctrine, known as the Chevron Doctrine, under which courts gave significant deference to regulatory agency interpretations of ambiguous federal statutes. Under the Chevron Doctrine, courts were required to defer to regulatory agency regulations if the language of a statute at issue was ambiguous and the agency's interpretation was "reasonable." The Chevron Doctrine allowed agencies to survive legal challenges to expansive interpretations of the laws they enforce. In overturning the Chevron Doctrine, lower federal courts generally are now required to uphold an agency's statutory interpretation only if the court is persuaded that it is the best interpretation of the law. It has been reported that the decision improves the ability to challenge regulations by removing the deference to regulatory agency interpretations, and, thereby, could cause regulatory agencies, such as the SEC, to reduce the pace of rulemaking (such as the proposed climate-related disclosures for investment companies and investment advisors) and enforcement initiatives in an effort to minimize resources spent on defending legal challenges to regulations.

SEC Enforcement Actions Seeking Civil Penalties. On June 27, 2024, the Supreme Court, in its decision in SEC v. Jarkesy, held that, pursuant to the Seventh Amendment to the U.S. Constitution, the SEC must bring any enforcement action in which it seeks civil penalties in federal court, where a jury trial is available, rather than through its own in-house administrative proceedings before an Administrative Law Judge. It has been reported that, while the SEC has limited the number of enforcement actions it brings in the administrative process in recent years, the decision may force the SEC to be more selective when bringing future enforcement actions given the substantial costs associated with federal court litigation, and that other regulatory agencies similarly may be more selective in the future.

Private Fund Advisor Rule Vacated. On June 5, 2024, the Fifth Circuit vacated the SEC's private fund advisor rule, which was promulgated on August 23, 2023. The rule purported to enhance the regulation of private fund advisors registered with the SEC by requiring them to, among other things: (1) provide investors with quarterly statements detailing information regarding private fund performance, fees, and expenses; (2) obtain an annual audit for each private fund; and (3) obtain a fairness opinion or valuation opinion in connection with an advisor-led secondary transaction. In vacating the private fund advisor rule, the Fifth Circuit concluded that neither Section 206(4) nor Section 211(h) under the Advisers Act grants the SEC the authority to adopt rules regulating private fund advisors and, therefore, determined the rule to be unlawful. It has been reported that the Fifth Circuit's decision could impact the SEC's rulemaking agenda (such as with respect to the SEC's proposed rule on conflicts of interest associated with the use of predictive data analytics (or artificial intelligence) by broker-dealers and investment advisors), or strengthen future challenges to or ability to enforce previously finalized rules (such as the SEC's investment advisor marketing rule), which were promulgated by the SEC based on its authority under Advisers Act Section 211(h) and/or Advisers Act Section 206(4).

Proxy Advisor Rule Reinstated. On June 26, 2024, the Fifth Circuit vacated the 2022 rescission of certain requirements under the SEC's proxy advisor rule. The requirements in question require advisory firms to: (1) provide their proxy voting reports to companies at no cost at the same time they provide their proxy voting reports to their investor clients; and (2) inform their clients if a company provides a rebuttal before the vote. The Fifth Circuit concluded that, in rescinding these requirements in 2022, the SEC violated the federal Administrative Procedure Act (APA), acted arbitrarily and capriciously, and failed to provide sufficient evidence to show that the rule would impact the timing of proxy voting advice or independence.

Climate-Related Disclosures for Investors. On March 6, 2024, the SEC adopted much anticipated new rules mandating climate-related disclosures in public companies' annual reports and registration statements. In most cases, the new climate-related disclosures will only be required if determined to be material to the issuer. The new rules require disclosure of, among other things, material climate-related risks, material mitigation activities, oversight, and governance of climate-related risks, and whether and how any climate-related targets or goals have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the

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issuer's business, results of operations or financial condition. On March 15, 2024, the Fifth Circuit issued an administrative stay of the SEC's new climate-related disclosure rules. Consolidated challenges of the new rules will be heard by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit (Eighth Circuit). On April 4, 2024, the SEC issued an order in which it announced that it has determined to exercise its discretion to stay its new climate-related disclosure rules pending completion of the judicial review by the Eighth Circuit.

New Department of Labor (DOL) Fiduciary Rule. On April 23, 2024, the DOL issued its final "Fiduciary Rule" in which it made changes to the definition of "investment advice" fiduciary under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA), as well as amendments to several prohibited transaction class exemptions (DOL New Fiduciary Rule). The changes, among other things, broaden the circumstances in which ERISA fiduciary status will apply to investment advisors, broker dealers and other entities with direct or indirect discretionary authority or control, that represent or acknowledge acting as a fiduciary, or that make investment recommendations to investors on a regular basis as part of their business, including recommendations relating to ERISA plan rollover transactions, any other securities transaction, or any investment strategy involving securities or other investment property. The final rule amends or eliminates several prohibited transaction exemptions (PTE), including, among others, PTE 77-4 (Purchase of Shares of Open-End Investment Companies), and requires all investment advice fiduciaries to comply with the "best interest" standard of care and disclosure requirements under PTE 2020-02 in order to receive compensation that would otherwise be prohibited under ERISA in the absence of an exemption, including commissions, 12b-1 fees, revenue sharing, and mark-ups and mark-downs in certain principal transactions. On July 10, 2024, the U.S. House of Representatives' (House) Education and Workforce Committee passed by a 23-18 vote a Congressional Review Act resolution to disapprove (and therefore prevent from taking effect) the DOL New Fiduciary Rule as a "reckless overreach" by the current administration. The House Appropriations Committee also approved by a 31-25 vote on July 10, 2024, the Fiscal Year 2025 Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, and Related Agencies bill, which, if passed by Congress and signed by the President, would prevent the DOL from using any funds to administer, implement or enforce the DOL New Fiduciary Rule. Both the resolution and legislation must be passed by Congress and signed by the President (or Congress must override the President's veto). The DOL New Fiduciary Rule, which currently is scheduled to become effective on September 23, 2024, is currently being challenged by a group of 26 state attorneys general in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Texas (within the Fifth Circuit). The U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Texas had relied on the Chevron Doctrine in originally ruling that the DOL acted within its authority under the APA in issuing the DOL New Fiduciary Rule. However, as a result of the Supreme Court overturning the Chevron Doctrine, on July 18, 2024, the Fifth Circuit directed the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Texas to reconsider the plaintiffs' argument that the DOL exceeded its authority in issuing the rule.

Federal Trade Commission (FTC) Ban on Non-Compete Agreements. On April 23, 2024, the FTC issued its final rule banning all new post-employment non-compete agreements between an employer and its employee after its effective date, which is scheduled for September 4, 2024. The final rule applies to for-profit companies, regardless of industry or level of worker (e.g., senior executive versus other levels of employee). Lawsuits have been filed challenging the FTC's final rule, including by the U.S. Chamber of Commerce. On July 3, 2024, the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Texas, where one of the challenges was filed, issued an order preliminarily enjoining the FTC from enforcing the rule against the plaintiffs in the case until the court decides whether the FTC violated the APA by exceeding its statutory authority. While the ruling is preliminary, the federal judge assigned to the case stated that the FTC lacked "substantive rule-making authority" and that the plaintiffs were "likely to succeed on the merits." It is uncertain whether the FTC's final rule will survive legal challenge.

Customer Identification Programs for Investment Advisors. On May 13, 2024, the SEC, and the U.S. Department of the Treasury's Financial Crimes Enforcement Network (FinCEN) issued a joint notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) to apply customer identification program (CIP) obligations to certain investment advisors, which would include Federated Hermes' investment advisory subsidiaries registered with the SEC. The proposed rule would require SEC-registered investment advisors (RIAs) and exempt reporting advisors (ERAs) to, among other things, implement a CIP that includes procedures for: (1) verifying the identity of each customer to the extent reasonable and practicable; and (2) maintaining records of the information used to verify a customer's identity, including name, address, and other identifying information. The public comment period on the proposed rule ended on July 22, 2024.

Amendments to Regulation S-P. On May 15, 2024, the SEC adopted amendments to Regulation S-P, which governs the treatment of nonpublic personal information about consumers by certain financial institutions, including investment advisors, broker-dealers, investment companies, and transfer agents (covered institutions). The amendments purport to modernize and enhance the protection of consumer financial information by, among other things: (1) requiring covered institutions to develop, implement, and maintain written policies and procedures for an incident response program that is reasonably designed to detect, respond to, and recover from unauthorized access to or use of customer information; (2) requiring that the response program

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include procedures for covered institutions to provide timely notification to affected individuals whose sensitive customer information was, or is reasonably likely to have been, accessed or used without authorization; (3) broadening the scope of information covered by Regulation S-P's requirements; (4) expanding and aligning the safeguards rule and disposal rule to cover both nonpublic personal information that a covered institution collects about its own customers and nonpublic personal information it receives from another financial institution about customers of that financial institution; (5) requiring covered institutions, other than broker-dealer funding portals, to make and maintain written records documenting compliance with the requirements of the safeguards rule and disposal rule; and (6) extending both the safeguards rule and the disposal rule to transfer agents registered with the SEC or another regulatory agency. Compliance is required with the Regulation S-P amendments by December 21, 2025.

Proposal to Eliminate Annual Shareholder Meetings for Exchange Listed Closed-End Funds. On June 6, 2024, the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) filed an application with the SEC proposing amendments to Section 302 of the NYSE Listed Company Manual that would eliminate the requirements for closed-end management investment companies with shares listed for trading on the NYSE to hold an annual shareholder meeting each fiscal year. If approved by the SEC, the proposed amendments would exempt such exchange-listed closed-end funds from the requirement to hold an annual meeting. The SEC published the proposed amendments on July 9, 2024, and the public comment period on the proposed amendments closes on July 30, 2024. Federated Hermes fully supports the proposed amendments. Exchange-listed closed end funds are more akin to registered mutual funds, which are not required to have annual meetings, than listed operating companies. The listed shares of such closed-end funds often trade on the NYSE at a discount to their NAV. This subjects them to attack by activist shareholders who buy discounted shares and then take action to force the closed-end funds to incur liquidity events (such as tender offers, reorganizations, or open-ending of the closed-end funds) to realize or arbitrage the difference between the discounted purchase prices and the closed-end funds' NAV. This can reduce the number of such closed end funds that are offered and have detrimental effects on the closed end funds and their long-term shareholders, which in many cases are retirement investors.

Regulatory Developments – International

Federated Hermes' primary regulators outside the U.S. are the United Kingdom (UK) Financial Conduct Authority (FCA), the Central Bank of Ireland (CBI), the Luxembourg Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (CSSF) and the Cayman Island Monetary Authority (CIMA). Non-U.S. regulatory matters addressed in Federated Hermes' 2023 Annual Report and First Quarter 2024 Form 10-Q included, among others, the Retained EU Law (Revocation and Reform) Act 2023, the Financial Services and Markets Act 2023, the UK Overseas Fund Regime (OFR), the "Edinburg Reforms," and remaining impacts of Brexit, UK regulatory priorities and areas of focus for the financial services sector, money market fund reform, liquidity risk management in open-end funds, the UK Digital Securities Sandbox joint Bank of England and FCA consultation paper, and the possibility of a financial transaction tax. Key regulatory developments outside the U.S. since March 31, 2024, that could significantly impact or relate to Federated Hermes' business and offerings include, among others, the following:

European Markets Infrastructure Regulation (EMIR) Refit. On December 20, 2022, the European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA) published a final report on guidelines for reporting under EMIR. The guidelines aim to further harmonize and standardize the reporting under EMIR. This requires many new data fields and mandatory use of XML format. The reporting became effective starting April 29, 2024.

European Union (EU) cross-border arrangements for Undertakings for the Collective Investment in Transferable Securities (UCITS) management companies and alternative investment fund managers (AIFMs). On March 25, 2024, the official journal of the EU published four EU Commission Delegated and Implementing Regulations regarding the cross-border marketing and management of funds under the UCITS Directive and Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive (AIFMD). The regulations: (1) specify the information to be notified in relation to the cross-border activities of UCITS management companies, UCITS and AIFMs; (2) set out the form and content of such notifications; and (3) provide detail on the exchange of information between competent authorities on cross-border notification letters. These regulations became effective on April 14, 2024.

EU and UK sustainability reporting requirements for corporations. In the EU, the relevant requirements for sustainability reporting are set out in the EU Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (CSRD) and Corporate Sustainability Due Diligence Directive (CSDDD). The CSRD expands the scope of companies that are required to disclose sustainability information, and significantly increases the extent and level of detail required to be disclosed regarding sustainability matters. It also mandates the creation of European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS), which will apply to entities that are required to make non-financial sustainability disclosures under the CSRD. On April 10, 2024, the European Parliament adopted a directive to postpone by two years the deadline for adopting the ESRS for certain sectors and for certain third-country undertakings. CSDDD will impose due diligence obligations requiring companies exceeding specified turnover and employee

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thresholds to integrate due diligence measures into their policies and risk management systems to identify and address adverse human rights and environmental impacts of their own operations, as well as those of their subsidiaries and business partners. Contrary to previous announcements, financial services firms (including asset managers) will be in-scope of CSDDD. Failure to comply with the obligations under the CSDDD could result in a fine of up to 5% of a company's net worldwide turnover. CSDDD became effective on July 25, 2024, and must be transposed into the national law of EU member states within two years of that date. The application of the CSDDD will be phased over a three-year period from 2027.

The UK Government has indicated that it will put in place UK sustainability reporting standards (UK SRS) for UK corporations. The UK SRS are expected to be based on the Sustainability Disclosure Standards (SDS) within the International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Sustainability Standards Board. If the UK Government endorses adoption of the SDS, the FCA would likely consult on introducing requirements for UK-listed companies, and the UK Government would consult on introducing requirements for UK companies that are not listed in the UK.

UK proposed re-introduction of bundling for investment research consumed by asset managers. On April 10, 2024, the FCA published a consultation paper (CP24/7) proposing new rules that would introduce a "new" option for asset managers to pay for the investment research they receive (i.e., in addition to payment by the asset manager out of its own resources or by the fund using a dedicated research payment account). The proposed rules would allow UK buy-side firms (including asset managers) that receive investment research from sell-side firms (including investment banks and broker dealers) to pay for research using bundled payments covering both the trade execution and research services they receive (like "soft-dollars" in the U.S.). Use of this option would be subject to proposed "guardrails". These guardrails would include requiring that firms: (1) adopt a formal policy on the use of bundled payments for research; (2) establish a budget for the amount of third-party research to be purchased; (3) undertake ongoing assessments of the value and price of the research received; (4) determine an approach to the allocation of costs across the firm's clients and a structure for the allocation of payments across research providers; (5) put in place operational procedures for the administration of accounts to purchase research; and (6) disclose to clients the firm's approach to bundled payments, their most significant research providers and the costs incurred. The consultation period ended on June 5, 2024.

Financial Stability Board (FSB) consults on enhancing liquidity preparedness for margin and collateral calls. On April 17, 2024, the FSB published a consultation report setting out proposed policy recommendations to enhance the liquidity preparedness of non-bank market participants for margin and collateral calls. The proposed policy recommendations apply to a broad range of non-bank market participants that may face margin and collateral calls, including insurance companies, pension funds, hedge funds, other investment funds and family offices and non-financial entities, such as commodities traders. The recommendations focus on: (1) non-bank market participants' liquidity risk management practices and governance with respect to managing and mitigating exposures to spikes in margin and collateral calls; (2) liquidity stress testing and scenario design for margin and collateral calls during normal market conditions, as well as in extreme but plausible stressed market conditions; and (3) ensuring sufficient collateral is available, as and when required. The consultation period closed on June 18, 2024.

EU and UK sustainability requirements for asset managers and investment products. The Sustainability Disclosure Requirements (SDR) initially introduced an anti-greenwashing rule in the UK and, on July 30, 2024, the SDR is expected to introduce sustainability labels that will be available for use by certain UK investment products. On April 23, 2024, the FCA published a consultation (CP24/8) on extending SDR – and specifically the investment labels – to firms providing portfolio management services, including model portfolio, customised portfolio, and/or bespoke portfolio management services. If implemented as proposed, the labels could be used by UK firms providing portfolio management services to retail clients and/or professional clients. Firms offering portfolio management services to professional clients would not be subject to the so-called 'naming and marketing requirements' under SDR. The consultation closed on June 14, 2024, and the FCA plans to publish its final rules in the second half of 2024. In May 2024, the FCA published a roadmap on implementing the OFR, which is the forthcoming regime for non-UK funds – initially EU UCITS funds – to be made available to retail investors in the UK. This roadmap indicates that the UK government intends to issue a consultation later in 2024 on extending SDR and labelling to funds that are within the OFR.

In relation to the EU, on May 14, 2024, the ESMA published a final report setting out its guidelines on funds' names using ESG or sustainability-related terms (Guidelines). These Guidelines apply to UCITS management companies and AIFMs. The Guidelines are intended to ensure that investors are protected against unsubstantiated or exaggerated sustainability claims in fund names. They provide asset managers with clear and measurable criteria to assess their ability to use ESG or sustainability-related terms in fund names. The Guidelines: (1) establish that to be able to use these terms, a minimum threshold of 80% of investments should be used to meet environmental or social characteristics or sustainable investment objectives; (2) apply exclusion criteria for different terms used in fund names: environmental, impact and sustainability-related terms, and transition, social and governance-related terms; and (3) specify further criteria where terms are used in combination, for use of transition,

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sustainability and impact-related terms, and for funds designating an index as a reference benchmark. Given the publication of translated Guidelines on ESMA's website on June 15, 2024, the Guidelines would apply to new funds from and after September 15, 2024, and existing funds from and after March 15, 2025.

EU regulation of ESG ratings providers. On April 25, 2024, the European Parliament adopted the text of the proposed regulation on the transparency and integrity of ESG rating activities. If formally adopted by the Council of the EU (Council), the regulation will set out organizational requirements for ESG rating providers intended to prevent and/or mitigate conflicts of interest. It is proposed that ESG rating providers will be prohibited from offering ESG ratings together with other consulting, audit, credit rating and benchmark services. The regulation may potentially have extra-territorial effect in relation to ESG rating providers that market their ESG rating products to clients based in the EU.

EU UCITS and AIFMD Review, including EU UCITS Eligible Assets Directive review. Previously proposed amendments to the UCITS directive, which covers EU mutual funds, and the AIFMD, which covers managers of alternative investment funds., have been adopted by the European Parliament and are required to be implemented during the next two years. On May 7, 2024, ESMA published a Call for Evidence (CfE) for the purposes of its review of the UCITS Eligible Assets Directive, which specifies the classes of eligible assets in which a UCITS fund is permitted to invest. ESMA's intention is to collect stakeholder information to assist it to assess the risks and benefits of UCITS being exposed to a broader range of asset classes. It applies to European Economic Area (EEA) UCITS management companies as well as firms that manage UCITS funds on a delegated basis (including non-EEA sub-managers). The CfE is open until August 7, 2024.

EU Retail Investment Package. On June 12, 2024, the Council published a proposed Directive on retail investor protection (Omnibus Directive). The Omnibus Directive will seek to reinforce the prevention of potential conflicts of interest where investment products are provided to retail investors, including by imposing overarching principles in relation to inducements received or paid in relation to the marketing and distribution of retail investment products. In addition, the Omnibus Directive will introduce a "value for money" framework intended to ensure investment products are only offered to retail clients if they offer good value for money. Manufacturers and distributors of investment products will be required to assess whether costs and charges are justified and proportionate with regarding to the performance of the investment product, other benefits and characteristics, their objectives and, if relevant, their strategy.

Digital Operational Resilience Act (DORA). On June 27, 2024, the European Commission published the final Regulatory Technical Standards on incident classification, third-party providers and risk management under DORA for Information and Communication Technologies and third-party risk management.

Current Regulatory Developments- Potential Impacts

Federated Hermes has monitored, reviewed, assessed, and implemented changes in response to, and will continue to monitor, review, assess, and implement changes in response to, regulatory developments and requirements, as applicable, and their impact on its business, offerings, and Financial Condition. Federated Hermes actively participates, either individually or with industry trade groups (such as the Investment Company Institute), in the public comment process regarding regulatory developments that can significantly impact Federated Hermes' business, offerings, and Financial Condition. Regulatory developments and regulatory requirements also are subject to legal challenge in court, and Federated Hermes' considers initiating, participating in or supporting such legal challenges when management deems it necessary or appropriate. Federated Hermes also continues to monitor and assess the impact of the interest rate environment (whether increasing or decreasing), and any instability in the banking sector and financial markets, on asset values and money market fund and other fund asset flows, and related asset mixes, as well as the degree to which these factors impact Federated Hermes' institutional prime and municipal (or tax-exempt) money market business and Federated Hermes' Financial Condition.

The difficulty in, and cost of, complying with applicable regulatory developments and regulatory requirements increases with the number, complexity, and differing (and potentially conflicting) requirements of new or amended regulatory requirements, among other factors. In addition to the impact on Federated Hermes' AUM, revenues, operating income and other aspects of Federated Hermes' business, Federated Hermes' regulatory, product development and restructuring, and other efforts in response to regulatory developments and regulatory requirements, including the internal and external resources dedicated to such efforts, have had, and can continue to have, on a cumulative basis, a material impact on Federated Hermes' expenses and, in turn, Financial Condition.

Federated Hermes is unable to fully assess at this time whether, or the degree to which, any continuing efforts or potential options being evaluated in connection with modified or new regulatory developments and regulatory requirements ultimately

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will be successful. The degree of impact of regulatory developments and regulatory requirements on Federated Hermes' Financial Condition can vary, including in a material way, and is uncertain.

As of June 30, 2024, given the regulatory environment, and the possibility of future additional regulatory developments, requirements and oversight, Federated Hermes is unable to fully assess the impact of regulatory developments and requirements, and Federated Hermes' efforts related thereto, on its Financial Condition. Regulatory developments and requirements in the current regulatory environment, and Federated Hermes' efforts in responding to them, could have further material and adverse effects on Federated Hermes' Financial Condition.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (unaudited)

Asset Highlights

Managed Assets at Period End

	Ju	ne 30,	Percent
(in millions)	2024	2023	Change
By Asset Class			
Equity	\$ 77,851	\$ 82,992	(6)%
Fixed-Income	95,294	87,425	9
Alternative / Private Markets	20,061	21,602	(7)
Multi-Asset	2,876	2,922	(2)
Total Long-Term Assets	196,082	194,941	1
Money Market	586,647	509,017	15
Total Managed Assets	\$ 782,729	\$ 703,958	11 %
By Product/Strategy Type			
Funds:			
Equity	\$ 42,404	\$ 44,383	(4)%
Fixed-Income	43,842	43,884	0
Alternative / Private Markets	12,258	13,338	(8)
Multi-Asset	2,743	2,782	(1)
Total Long-Term Assets	101,247	104,387	(3)
Money Market	425,627	364,014	17
Total Fund Assets	526,874	468,401	12
Separate Accounts:			
Equity	35,447	38,609	(8)
Fixed-Income	51,452	43,541	18
Alternative / Private Markets	7,803	8,264	(6)
Multi-Asset	133	140	(5)
Total Long-Term Assets	94,835	90,554	5
Money Market	161,020	145,003	11
Total Separate Account Assets	255,855	235,557	9
Total Managed Assets	\$ 782,729	\$ 703,958	11 %

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (unaudited)

Average Managed Assets

			Percent	Six Mont	Percent	
(in millions)	2024	2023	Change	2024	2023	Change
By Asset Class						
Equity	\$ 78,137	\$ 83,025	(6)%	\$ 78,553	\$ 83,590	(6)%
Fixed-Income	95,484	87,504	9	95,638	87,856	9
Alternative / Private Markets	20,306	21,411	(5)	20,395	21,174	(4)
Multi-Asset	2,889	2,929	(1)	2,882	2,971	(3)
Total Long-Term Assets	196,816	194,869	1	197,468	195,591	1
Money Market	582,758	510,418	14	580,570	496,751	17
Total Average Managed Assets	\$ 779,574	\$ 705,287	11 %	\$ 778,038	\$ 692,342	12 %
By Product/Strategy Type						
Funds:						
Equity	\$ 42,274	\$ 44,218	(4)%	\$ 42,315	\$ 44,637	(5)%
Fixed-Income	43,910	43,827	0	43,884	43,893	0
Alternative / Private Markets	12,331	13,181	(6)	12,354	13,121	(6)
Multi-Asset	2,737	2,787	(2)	2,738	2,828	(3)
Total Long-Term Assets	101,252	104,013	(3)	101,291	104,479	(3)
Money Market	419,999	362,608	16	417,450	347,983	20
Total Average Fund Assets	521,251	466,621	12	518,741	452,462	15
Separate Accounts:						
Equity	35,863	38,807	(8)	36,238	38,953	(7)
Fixed-Income	51,574	43,677	18	51,754	43,963	18
Alternative / Private Markets	7,975	8,230	(3)	8,041	8,053	0
Multi-Asset	152	142	7	144	143	1
Total Long-Term Assets	95,564	90,856	5	96,177	91,112	6
Money Market	162,759	147,810	10	163,120	148,768	10
Total Average Separate Account Assets	258,323	238,666	8	259,297	239,880	8
Total Average Managed Assets	\$ 779,574	\$ 705,287	11 %	\$ 778,038	\$ 692,342	12 %

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Changes in Equity Fund and Separate Account Assets

	Three Months Ended					Six Months Ended June 30,				
	June 30,									
(in millions)		2024		2023		2024		2023		
Equity Funds										
Beginning Assets	\$	43,415	\$	44,732	\$	42,513	\$	43,342		
Sales		2,413		2,155		4,832		5,326		
Redemptions		(3,594)		(3,548)		(7,663)		(6,544)		
Net Sales (Redemptions)		(1,181)		(1,393)		(2,831)		(1,218)		
Net Exchanges		9		(8)		14		82		
Impact of Foreign Exchange ¹		(11)		131		(246)		216		
Market Gains and (Losses) ²		172		921		2,954		1,961		
Ending Assets	\$	42,404	\$	44,383	\$	42,404	\$	44,383		
Equity Separate Accounts										
Beginning Assets	\$	36,742	\$	38,897	\$	36,778	\$	38,181		
Sales ³		1,398		2,714		2,894		5,174		
Redemptions ³		(3,477)		(2,149)		(6,759)		(3,889)		
Net Sales (Redemptions) ³		(2,079)		565		(3,865)		1,285		
Net Exchanges		0		13		0		26		
Impact of Foreign Exchange ¹		23		(60)		(309)		(37)		
Market Gains and (Losses) ²		761		(806)		2,843		(846)		
Ending Assets	\$	35,447	\$	38,609	\$	35,447	\$	38,609		
Total Equity										
Beginning Assets	\$	80,157	\$	83,629	\$	79,291	\$	81,523		
Sales ³		3,811		4,869		7,726		10,500		
Redemptions ³		(7,071)		(5,697)		(14,422)		(10,433)		
Net Sales (Redemptions) ³		(3,260)		(828)		(6,696)		67		
Net Exchanges		9		5		14		108		
Impact of Foreign Exchange ¹		12		71		(555)		179		
Market Gains and (Losses) ²		933		115		5,797		1,115		
Ending Assets	\$	77,851	\$	82,992	\$	77,851	\$	82,992		

¹ Reflects the impact of translating non-U.S. Dollar (USD) denominated AUM into USD for reporting purposes.

² Reflects the approximate changes in the fair value of the securities held by the portfolios and, to a lesser extent, reinvested dividends, distributions and net investment income.

³ For Separate Accounts, Sales and Redemptions are calculated as the remaining difference between beginning and ending assets after the calculation of total investment return.

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Changes in Fixed-Income Fund and Separate Account Assets

	Three Mor	nded	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	 June	e 30,				2 30,	
(in millions)	2024		2023		2024		2023
<u>Fixed-Income Funds</u>							
Beginning Assets	\$ 44,481	\$	43,616	\$	43,908	\$	43,180
Sales	3,326		3,836		7,375		8,091
Redemptions	(3,957)		(3,589)		(7,441)		(8,288)
Net Sales (Redemptions)	(631)		247		(66)		(197)
Net Exchanges	(178)		6		(183)		(95)
Impact of Foreign Exchange ¹	(1)		34		(47)		59
Market Gains and (Losses) ²	171		(19)		230		937
Ending Assets	\$ 43,842	\$	43,884	\$	43,842	\$	43,884
Fixed-Income Separate Accounts							
Beginning Assets	\$ 51,844	\$	43,845	\$	51,012	\$	43,563
Sales ³	1,936		1,055		4,470		2,847
Redemptions ³	(2,742)		(1,374)		(4,653)		(3,802)
Net Sales (Redemptions) ³	(806)		(319)		(183)		(955)
Net Exchanges	(1)		0		(3)		0
Impact of Foreign Exchange ¹	(7)		9		(32)		22
Market Gains and (Losses) ²	422		6		658		911
Ending Assets	\$ 51,452	\$	43,541	\$	51,452	\$	43,541
Total Fixed-Income							
Beginning Assets	\$ 96,325	\$	87,461	\$	94,920	\$	86,743
Sales ³	5,262		4,891		11,845		10,938
Redemptions ³	(6,699)		(4,963)		(12,094)		(12,090)
Net Sales (Redemptions) ³	(1,437)		(72)		(249)		(1,152)
Net Exchanges	(179)		6		(186)		(95)
Impact of Foreign Exchange ¹	(8)		43		(79)		81
Market Gains and (Losses) ²	 593		(13)		888		1,848
Ending Assets	\$ 95,294	\$	87,425	\$	95,294	\$	87,425

¹ Reflects the impact of translating non-USD denominated AUM into USD for reporting purposes.

² Reflects the approximate changes in the fair value of the securities held by the portfolios and, to a lesser extent, reinvested dividends, distributions and net investment income.

³ For Separate Accounts, Sales and Redemptions are calculated as the remaining difference between beginning and ending assets after the calculation of total investment return.

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Changes in Alternative / Private Markets Fund and Separate Account Assets

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,			
			30,	2022			30,	2022	
(in millions)		2024		2023		2024		2023	
Alternative / Private Markets Funds	•	40.450	Ф	12.040		40.000	ф	12.050	
Beginning Assets	\$	12,458	\$	13,040	\$	12,379	\$	13,050	
Sales		537		439		1,191		1,283	
Redemptions		(1,098)		(641)		(1,667)		(1,298)	
Net Sales (Redemptions)		(561)		(202)		(476)		(15)	
Net Exchanges		174		(4)		176		20	
Impact of Foreign Exchange ¹		7		322		(132)		546	
Market Gains and (Losses) ²		180		182		311		(263)	
Ending Assets	\$	12,258	\$	13,338	\$	12,258	\$	13,338	
Alternative / Private Markets Separate Acco	<u>ounts</u>								
Beginning Assets	\$	8,007	\$	8,134	\$	8,172	\$	7,752	
Sales ³		110		204		217		625	
Redemptions ³		(79)		(104)		(250)		(239)	
Net Sales (Redemptions) ³		31		100		(33)		386	
Net Exchanges		0		0		0		(23)	
Impact of Foreign Exchange ¹		14		217		(73)		361	
Market Gains and (Losses) ²		(249)		(187)		(263)		(212)	
Ending Assets	\$	7,803	\$	8,264	\$	7,803	\$	8,264	
Total Alternative / Private Markets									
Beginning Assets	\$	20,465	\$	21,174	\$	20,551	\$	20,802	
Sales ³		647		643		1,408		1,908	
Redemptions ³		(1,177)		(745)		(1,917)		(1,537)	
Net Sales (Redemptions) ³		(530)		(102)		(509)		371	
Net Exchanges		174		(4)		176		(3)	
Impact of Foreign Exchange ¹		21		539		(205)		907	
Market Gains and (Losses) ²		(69)		(5)		48		(475)	
Ending Assets	\$	20,061	\$	21,602	\$	20,061	\$	21,602	

¹ Reflects the impact of translating non-USD denominated AUM into USD for reporting purposes.

² Reflects the approximate changes in the fair value of the securities held by the portfolios and, to a lesser extent, reinvested dividends, distributions and net investment income.

³ For Separate Accounts, Sales and Redemptions are calculated as the remaining difference between beginning and ending assets after the calculation of total investment return.

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Changes in Multi-Asset Fund and Separate Account Assets

	Three Months Ended					Six Months Ended June 30,				
	June 30,									
(in millions)		2024		2023		2024		2023		
Multi-Asset Funds										
Beginning Assets	\$	2,789	\$	2,832	\$	2,730	\$	2,851		
Sales		42		32		86		79		
Redemptions		(108)		(138)		(216)		(277)		
Net Sales (Redemptions)		(66)		(106)		(130)		(198)		
Net Exchanges		1		1		1		3		
Market Gains and (Losses) ¹		19		55		142		126		
Ending Assets	\$	2,743	\$	2,782	\$	2,743	\$	2,782		
Multi-Asset Separate Accounts										
Beginning Assets	\$	139	\$	141	\$	137	\$	138		
Sales ²		0		1		0		1		
Redemptions ²		(5)		(5)		(9)		(10)		
Net Sales (Redemptions) ²		(5)		(4)		(9)		(9)		
Market Gains and (Losses) ¹		(1)		3		5		11		
Ending Assets	\$	133	\$	140	\$	133	\$	140		
Total Multi-Asset										
Beginning Assets	\$	2,928	\$	2,973	\$	2,867	\$	2,989		
Sales ²		42		33		86		80		
Redemptions ²		(113)		(143)		(225)		(287)		
Net Sales (Redemptions) ²		(71)		(110)		(139)		(207)		
Net Exchanges		1		1		1		3		
Market Gains and (Losses) ¹		18		58		147		137		
Ending Assets	\$	2,876	\$	2,922	\$	2,876	\$	2,922		

¹ Reflects the approximate changes in the fair value of the securities held by the portfolios and, to a lesser extent, reinvested dividends, distributions and net investment income.

² For Separate Accounts, Sales and Redemptions are calculated as the remaining difference between beginning and ending assets after the calculation of total investment return.

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Changes in Total Long-Term Assets

	Three Months Ended					Six Months Ended				
	June 30,				June 30,					
(in millions)		2024		2023		2024		2023		
Total Long-Term Fund Assets										
Beginning Assets	\$	103,143	\$	104,220	\$	101,530	\$	102,423		
Sales		6,318		6,462		13,484		14,779		
Redemptions		(8,757)		(7,916)		(16,987)		(16,407)		
Net Sales (Redemptions)		(2,439)		(1,454)		(3,503)		(1,628)		
Net Exchanges		6		(5)		8		10		
Impact of Foreign Exchange ¹		(5)		487		(425)		821		
Market Gains and (Losses) ²		542		1,139		3,637		2,761		
Ending Assets	\$	101,247	\$	104,387	\$	101,247	\$	104,387		
Total Long-Term Separate Accounts Assets										
Beginning Assets	\$	96,732	\$	91,017	\$	96,099	\$	89,634		
Sales ³		3,444		3,974		7,581		8,647		
Redemptions ³		(6,303)		(3,632)		(11,671)		(7,940)		
Net Sales (Redemptions) ³		(2,859)		342		(4,090)		707		
Net Exchanges		(1)		13		(3)		3		
Impact of Foreign Exchange ¹		30		166		(414)		346		
Market Gains and (Losses) ²		933		(984)		3,243		(136)		
Ending Assets	\$	94,835	\$	90,554	\$	94,835	\$	90,554		
Total Long-Term Assets										
Beginning Assets	\$	199,875	\$	195,237	\$	197,629	\$	192,057		
Sales ³		9,762		10,436		21,065		23,426		
Redemptions ³		(15,060)		(11,548)		(28,658)		(24,347)		
Net Sales (Redemptions) ³		(5,298)		(1,112)		(7,593)		(921)		
Net Exchanges		5		8		5		13		
Impact of Foreign Exchange ¹		25		653		(839)		1,167		
Market Gains and (Losses) ²		1,475		155		6,880		2,625		
Ending Assets	\$	196,082	\$	194,941	\$	196,082	\$	194,941		

¹ Reflects the impact of translating non-USD denominated AUM into USD for reporting purposes.

² Reflects the approximate changes in the fair value of the securities held by the portfolios and, to a lesser extent, reinvested dividends, distributions and net investment income.

³ For Separate Accounts, Sales and Redemptions are calculated as the remaining difference between beginning and ending assets after the calculation of total investment return.

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Changes in Federated Hermes' average asset mix period-over-period across both asset classes and offering types have a direct impact on Federated Hermes' operating income. Asset mix impacts Federated Hermes' total revenue due to the difference in the fee rates earned on each asset class and offering type per invested dollar and certain components of distribution expense can vary depending upon the asset class, distribution channel and/or the size of the customer relationship. The following table presents the relative composition of average managed assets and the percent of total revenue derived from each asset class and offering type for the periods presented:

	Percent of Total Avera	age Managed Assets	Percent of Total Revenue				
	Six Month	s Ended	Six Month	s Ended			
	June 30, 2024 June 30, 2023		June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023			
By Asset Class							
Money Market	75 %	72 %	52 %	46 %			
Equity	10 %	12 %	29 %	30 %			
Fixed-Income	12 %	12 %	12 %	12 %			
Alternative / Private Markets	3 %	3 %	5 %	10 %			
Multi-Asset	0 %	1 %	1 %	1 %			
Other	— %	— %	1 %	1 %			
By Product/Strategy Type							
Funds:							
Money Market	54 %	50 %	48 %	43 %			
Equity	5 %	6 %	22 %	23 %			
Fixed-Income	6 %	6 %	9 %	9 %			
Alternative / Private Markets	2 %	2 %	4 %	8 %			
Multi-Asset	— %	1 %	1 %	1 %			
Separate Accounts:							
Money Market	21 %	22 %	4 %	3 %			
Equity	5 %	6 %	7 %	7 %			
Fixed-Income	6 %	6 %	3 %	3 %			
Alternative / Private Markets	1 %	1 %	1 %	2 %			
Other	 %	— %	1 %	1 %			

Total managed assets represent the balance of AUM at a point in time, while total average managed assets represent the average balance of AUM during a period of time. Because substantially all revenue and certain components of distribution expense are generally calculated daily based on AUM, changes in average managed assets are typically a key indicator of changes in revenue earned and asset-based expenses incurred during the same period.

Total average managed assets increased 11% and 12% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively, as compared to the same periods in 2023. As of June 30, 2024, total managed assets increased 11% from June 30, 2023. Average money market assets increased 14% and 17% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively, as compared to the same periods in 2023. Period-end money market assets increased 15% at June 30, 2024, as compared to June 30, 2023. In the second quarter 2024, money market funds continued to benefit from favorable market conditions as the Federal Reserve indicated a reluctance to cut interest rates. The extension of elevated rates translated into an extension of elevated yields on liquidity products. The Federal Reserve also announced a decision to reduce the monthly tapering of its balance sheet, while the U.S. Treasury Department announced a program to purchase U.S. Treasuries in the coming months. Those moves also helped to preserve liquidity in the financial system. Average equity assets decreased 6% for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, as compared to the same periods in 2023. Period-end equity assets decreased 6% at June 30, 2024, as compared to June 30, 2023, primarily due to net redemptions, partially offset by market appreciation. Stocks trended higher, gaining 4.28% in the second quarter 2024, sending the S&P 500 up nearly 15% in the first half of 2024. Average fixed-income assets increased 9% for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, as compared to the same periods in 2023. Period-end fixed-income assets increased 9% at June 30, 2024, as compared to June 30, 2023, primarily due to market appreciation and net sales. The 10year Treasury fluctuated during the second quarter 2024, starting the quarter at 4.20%, rising to 4.70% in April, and eventually falling to 4.40% at the end of June on an improved outlook for inflation and rate cuts. Average alternative/private markets

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assets decreased 5% and 4% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively, as compared to the same periods in 2023. Period-end alternative/private markets assets decreased 7% at June 30, 2024, as compared to June 30, 2023, primarily due to market depreciation and net redemptions.

Results of Operations

Revenue. Revenue decreased \$30.6 million for the three-month period ended June 30, 2024, as compared to the same period in 2023, primarily due to a decrease in carried interest of \$36.1 million (partially offset in Compensation and Related expense) and a decrease of \$7.1 million in equity revenue due to lower average assets. These decreases were partially offset by an increase in money market revenue of \$11.8 million due to an increase in average money market assets.

Revenue decreased \$16.5 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2024, as compared to the same period in 2023, primarily due to a decrease in carried interest of \$36.2 million (partially offset in Compensation and Related expense) and a decrease of \$15.8 million in equity revenue due to lower average assets. These decreases were partially offset by an increase in money market revenue of \$34.0 million due to an increase in average money market assets.

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, Federated Hermes' ratio of revenue to average managed assets was 0.20% and 0.24%, respectively. The decrease in the rate was primarily due to a decrease in carried interest and a decrease in revenue from lower average equity assets during the first half of 2024 compared to the same period in 2023.

Operating Expenses. Total Operating Expenses for the three-month period ended June 30, 2024 increased \$27.0 million, as compared to the same period in 2023. Intangible Asset Related expense increased \$66.0 million primarily due to an impairment of a foreign intangible asset (see Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Critical Accounting Policies and Note (10) to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information). This increase was partially offset by (1) a decrease of \$29.1 million in Compensation and Related expense primarily due to a decrease in carried interest paid as compensation and (2) a decrease of \$8.0 million in Other expense primarily due to the costs associated with a fund restructuring in 2023.

Total Operating Expenses for the six-month period ended June 30, 2024 increased \$27.8 million, as compared to the same period in 2023. Intangible Asset Related expense increased \$65.9 million primarily due to an impairment of a foreign intangible asset (see Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Critical Accounting Policies and Note (10) to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information). This increase was partially offset by (1) a decrease of \$29.5 million in Compensation and Related expense primarily due to a decrease in carried interest paid as compensation and (2) a decrease of \$9.4 million in Other expense primarily due to the costs associated with a fund restructuring in 2023.

Nonoperating Income (Expenses). Nonoperating Income (Expenses), net decreased \$0.2 million for the three-month period ended June 30, 2024, as compared to the same period in 2023.

Nonoperating Income (Expenses), net decreased \$2.1 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2024, as compared to the same period in 2023. The decrease is primarily due to a \$4.6 million decrease in Gain (Loss) on Securities, net from a smaller increase in the market value of investments in the first half of 2024 as compared to the increase in the market value of investments during the same period in 2023. This decrease was partially offset by a \$2.7 million increase in Investment Income, net primarily due to an increase in investment yields in 2024 as compared to investment yields during the same period in 2023.

Income Taxes. The income tax provision was \$23.4 million for the three-month period ended June 30, 2024, as compared to \$27.5 million for the same period in 2023. The decrease in the income tax provision was primarily due to a net tax benefit associated with the impairment on a foreign indefinite-lived intangible asset in 2024 (\$6.0 million) and a decrease in 2024 for discrete charges for non-deductible costs for a fund restructuring (\$2.5 million), partially offset by an increase in U.S. income tax due to increased U.S. income (\$5.2 million). The effective tax rate was 54.9% for the three-month period ended June 30, 2024, as compared to 27.4% for the same period in 2023. The increase in the effective tax rate was primarily the result of a valuation allowance on foreign deferred tax assets and the impairment of a foreign indefinite-lived intangible asset.

The income tax provision was \$52.4 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2024, as compared to \$48.6 million for the same period in 2023. The increase in the income tax provision was primarily due to an increase in U.S. income tax due to increased U.S. income (\$11.0 million), partially offset by a net tax benefit associated with the impairment on a foreign indefinite-lived intangible asset in 2024 (\$6.0 million) and a decrease in 2024 for discrete charges for non-deductible costs for a fund restructuring (\$2.5 million). The effective tax rate was 35.8% for the six-month period ended June 30, 2024, as compared

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to 25.2% for the same period in 2023. The increase in the effective tax rate was primarily the result of a valuation allowance on foreign deferred tax assets and the impairment of a foreign indefinite-lived intangible asset.

Pillar Two legislation has been enacted in certain jurisdictions in which Federated Hermes operates. The legislation is effective for the financial year beginning January 1, 2024. Federated Hermes is in scope of the enacted legislation and has performed an assessment of its potential exposure to Pillar Two income taxes based on the most recent tax filings, country-by-country report and financial statements for the constituent entities of Federated Hermes. Based on the assessment, for fiscal year 2024 Federated Hermes expects to be able to rely on the transitional safe harbor for each of the jurisdictions in which it operates. As a result, Federated Hermes does not expect a material exposure to Pillar Two income taxes in those jurisdictions. This assessment will continue to be monitored and updated as additional guidance and/or legislation is released.

Net Income Attributable to Federated Hermes, Inc. Net income decreased \$51.1 million for the three-month period ended June 30, 2024, as compared to the same period in 2023, primarily as a result of the changes in revenues, expenses, nonoperating income (expenses) and income taxes noted above. Diluted earnings per share for the three-month period ended June 30, 2024 decreased \$0.61, as compared to the same period in 2023, primarily due to decreased net income (\$0.62), partially offset by a decrease in shares outstanding resulting from share repurchases (\$0.01).

Net income decreased \$45.7 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2024, as compared to the same period in 2023, primarily as a result of the changes in revenues, expenses, nonoperating income (expenses) and income taxes noted above. Diluted earnings per share for the six-month period ended June 30, 2024 decreased \$0.47, as compared to the same period in 2023, primarily due to decreased net income (\$0.53), partially offset by a decrease in shares outstanding resulting from share repurchases (\$0.06).

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Liquid Assets. At June 30, 2024, liquid assets, net of noncontrolling interests, consisting of cash and cash equivalents, investments and receivables, totaled \$540.4 million, as compared to \$656.4 million at December 31, 2023. The change in liquid assets is discussed below.

At June 30, 2024, Federated Hermes' liquid assets included investments in certain money market and fluctuating-value Federated Hermes Funds that may have direct and/or indirect exposures to international sovereign debt and currency risks. Federated Hermes continues to actively monitor its investment portfolios to manage sovereign debt and currency risks with respect to certain European countries (such as the UK in light of Brexit), China and certain other countries subject to economic sanctions. Federated Hermes' experienced portfolio managers and analysts work to evaluate credit risk through quantitative and fundamental analysis. Further, regarding international exposure, certain money market funds (representing approximately \$257.5 million in AUM) that meet the requirements of Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act (Rule 2a-7) or operate in accordance with requirements similar to those in Rule 2a-7, include holdings with indirect short-term exposures invested primarily in high-quality international bank names that are subject to Federated Hermes' credit analysis process.

Cash Provided by Operating Activities. Net cash provided by operating activities totaled \$102.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, as compared to \$76.6 million for the same period in 2023. The increase in cash provided was primarily due to (1) a \$17.9 million payment made in 2023 representing a settlement with affected shareholders related to an administrative error (see Note (17) to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information) and (2) a decrease of \$8.9 million in cash paid for the net purchases of trading securities for the six months ended June 30, 2024 as compared to the same period in 2023.

Cash Provided by Investing Activities. During the six-month period ended June 30, 2024, net cash provided by investing activities was \$31.2 million, which primarily represented \$66.3 million in cash received from redemptions of Investments—Affiliates and Other, partially offset by \$28.6 million paid for purchases of Investments—Affiliates and Other.

Cash Used by Financing Activities. During the six-month period ended June 30, 2024, net cash used by financing activities was \$208.6 million due primarily to \$134.0 million or \$1.59 per share of dividends paid to holders of Federated Hermes common shares and \$85.3 million of treasury stock purchases.

Long-Term Debt. On March 17, 2022, pursuant to the Note Purchase Agreement, Federated Hermes issued unsecured senior Notes in the aggregate amount of \$350 million at a fixed interest rate of 3.29% per annum, payable semiannually in arrears in March and September in each year of the agreement. The entire principal amount of the \$350 million Notes will become due March 17, 2032. Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and PNC Capital Markets LLC acted as lead placement agents in relation to the \$350 million Notes and certain subsidiaries of Federated Hermes are guarantors of the obligations owed under the Note

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Purchase Agreement. As of June 30, 2024, the outstanding balance of the \$350 million Notes, net of unamortized issuance costs in the amount of \$2.0 million, was \$348.0 million and was recorded in Long-Term Debt on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The proceeds were, or will be, used to supplement cash flow from operations, to fund share repurchases and potential acquisitions, to pay down debt outstanding under the Credit Agreement and for other general corporate purposes. See Note (11) to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on the Note Purchase Agreement.

As of June 30, 2024, Federated Hermes' Credit Agreement consists of a \$350 million revolving credit facility with an additional \$200 million available via an optional increase (or accordion) feature. Borrowings under the Credit Agreement may be used for general corporate purposes including cash payments related to acquisitions, dividends, investments and share repurchases. As of June 30, 2024, Federated Hermes has \$350 million available to borrow under the Credit Agreement and an additional \$200 million available via its optional accordion feature. See Note (11) to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Both the Note Purchase Agreement and Credit Agreement include an interest coverage ratio covenant (consolidated earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) to consolidated interest expense) and a leverage ratio covenant (consolidated debt to consolidated EBITDA) as well as other customary terms and conditions. Federated Hermes was in compliance with all of its covenants, including its interest coverage and leverage ratios at and during the six months ended June 30, 2024. An interest coverage ratio of at least 4 to 1 is required and, as of June 30, 2024, Federated Hermes' interest coverage ratio was 41 to 1. A leverage ratio of no more than 3 to 1 is required and, as of June 30, 2024, Federated Hermes' leverage ratio was 0.71 to 1.

Both the Note Purchase Agreement and the Credit Agreement have certain stated events of default and cross default provisions which would permit the lenders/counterparties to accelerate the repayment of debt outstanding if not cured within the applicable grace periods. The events of default generally include breaches of contract, failure to make required loan payments, insolvency, cessation of business, notice of lien or assessment, and other proceedings, whether voluntary or involuntary, that would require the repayment of amounts borrowed.

Future Cash Needs. Management expects that principal uses of cash will include funding business acquisitions and global expansion, funding distribution expenditures, paying incentive and base compensation, paying shareholder dividends, paying debt obligations, paying taxes, repurchasing company stock, developing and seeding new offerings, modifying existing offerings and relationships, maintaining regulatory liquidity and capital requirements and funding property and equipment expenditures. In addition, Federated Hermes expects to invest approximately \$310 million (including the allocation of approximately \$190 million in existing technology-related overhead, primarily the compensation expense of existing employees, and an external spend of approximately \$120 million) through 2026 to support a number of planned technology-driven initiatives. Any number of factors may cause Federated Hermes' future cash needs to increase. As a result of the highly regulated nature of the investment management business, management anticipates that aggregate expenditures for compliance and investment management personnel, compliance systems and technology and related professional and consulting fees could continue to increase.

On July 25, 2024, the board of directors declared a \$0.31 per share dividend to Federated Hermes' Class A and Class B common stock shareholders of record as of August 8, 2024 to be paid on August 15, 2024.

After evaluating Federated Hermes' existing liquid assets, expected continuing cash flow from operations, its borrowing capacity under the Credit Agreement and its ability to obtain additional financing arrangements and issue debt or stock, management believes it will have sufficient liquidity to meet both its short-term and reasonably foreseeable long-term cash needs.

Financial Position

The following discussion summarizes significant changes in assets and liabilities that are not discussed elsewhere in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Investments—Affiliates and Other at June 30, 2024 decreased \$34.4 million from December 31, 2023 primarily due to net redemptions.

Accrued Compensation and Benefits at June 30, 2024 decreased \$65.2 million from December 31, 2023 primarily due to the 2023 accrued annual incentive compensation being paid in the first half of 2024 (\$129.4 million), partially offset by 2024 incentive compensation accruals recorded at June 30, 2024 (\$67.2 million).

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Legal Proceedings

Federated Hermes has claims asserted against it from time to time. See Note (17) to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

For a list of new accounting standards applicable to Federated Hermes, see Note (2) to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Critical Accounting Policies

Federated Hermes' Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. In preparing the financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying notes. Management continually evaluates the accounting policies and estimates it uses to prepare the Consolidated Financial Statements. In general, management's estimates are based on historical experience, information from third-party professionals and various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the facts and circumstances. Actual results can differ from those estimates made by management and those differences may be material.

Of the significant accounting policies described in Federated Hermes' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, management believes that indefinite-lived intangible assets included in its Goodwill and Intangible Assets policy involves a higher degree of judgment and complexity. See Federated Hermes' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, Item 7 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations under the section Critical Accounting Policies for a complete discussion of this policy.

Due to actual results trailing projected results, driven by a combination of lower gross sales and higher redemptions for the quarter ended June 30, 2024, management concluded that an indicator of potential impairment existed as of June 30, 2024 for the indefinite-lived intangible asset related to the FHL right to manage public fund assets which totaled £124.4 million at March 31, 2024 and was acquired in connection with the 2018 FHL acquisition. Management used an income-based approach, the discounted cash flow method, in valuing the asset, which resulted in a non-cash impairment charge of £52.2 million (\$66.3 million). After the impairment, the indefinite-lived intangible asset related to the FHL right to manage public fund assets totaled £72.2 million (\$91.3 million). The key assumptions in the discounted cash flow analysis include projected revenue growth rates, projected pre-tax profit margins and the discount rate applied to the projected cash flows. The risk of future impairment increases with a decrease in projected cash flows and/or an increase in the discount rate.

As of June 30, 2024, assuming all other assumptions remain static, an increase or decrease of 10% in projected revenue growth rates would result in a corresponding change to estimated fair value of approximately 9%. An increase or decrease of 10% in pre-tax profit margins would result in a corresponding change to estimated fair value of approximately 13%. An increase or decrease in the discount rate of 25 basis points would result in an inverse change to estimated fair value of approximately 3%. Any market volatility and other events related to geopolitical or other unexpected events could further reduce the AUM, revenues and earnings associated with this intangible asset and can result in subsequent impairment tests being based upon updated assumptions and future cash flow projections, which can result in an impairment. For additional information on risks related to geopolitical or other unexpected events, see Item 1A - Risk Factors included in Federated Hermes' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Part I, Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

As of June 30, 2024, there were no material changes to Federated Hermes' exposures to market risk that would require an update to the disclosures provided in Federated Hermes' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Part I, Item 4. Controls and Procedures

- (a) Federated Hermes carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including Federated Hermes' President and Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of Federated Hermes' disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) as of June 30, 2024. Based upon that evaluation, the President and Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer concluded that Federated Hermes' disclosure controls and procedures were effective at June 30, 2024.
- (b) There has been no change in Federated Hermes' internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2024 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, Federated Hermes' internal control over financial reporting.

Part II, Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Information regarding this Item is contained in Note (17) to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Part II, Item 1A. Risk Factors

There are no material changes to the risk factors included in Federated Hermes' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Part II, Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

- (a) not applicable.
- (b) not applicable.
- (c) The following table summarizes stock repurchases under Federated Hermes' share repurchase program during the second quarter 2024.

	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs ¹	Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs ¹
April	20,000	\$ 33.00	20,000	3,472,415
May^2	589,200	27.21	480,000	2,992,415
June	950,000	32.44	950,000	2,042,415
Total	1,559,200	\$ 30.47	1,450,000	2,042,415

In October 2023, the Federated Hermes board of directors authorized a share repurchase program with no stated expiration date that allows the repurchase of up to 5.0 million shares of Class B common stock. No other program existed as of June 30, 2024. See Note (13) to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on this program.

Part II, Item 5. Other Information

Insider Trading Arrangements

While certain officers have elected in advance to satisfy tax obligations arising from the vesting of awards of periodic and bonus restricted Federated Hermes Class B Common Stock through the sale of sufficient shares of such stock necessary to satisfy such tax obligations in the open-market, no director or officer adopted, modified or terminated a Rule 10b5-1(c) or a non-Rule 10b5-1(c) trading arrangement during the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2024.

² In May 2024, 109,200 shares of Class B common stock with a weighted-average price of \$2.81 per share were repurchased as employees forfeited restricted stock.

Part II, Item 6. Exhibits

The following exhibits required to be filed or furnished by Item 601 of Regulation S-K are filed or furnished herewith and incorporated by reference herein:

- Exhibit 31.1 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)
- Exhibit 31.2 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)
- Exhibit 32 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (furnished herewith)
- Exhibit 101.INS Inline XBRL Instance Document the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
- Exhibit 101.SCH Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
- Exhibit 101.CAL Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
- Exhibit 101.DEF Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
- Exhibit 101.LAB Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
- Exhibit 101.PRE Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
- Exhibit 104 Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

			Federated Hermes, Inc. (Registrant)	
Date	July 26, 2024	By:	/s/ J. Christopher Donahue	
		_	J. Christopher Donahue	
			President and Chief Executive Officer	
Date	July 26, 2024	By:	/s/ Thomas R. Donahue	
		_	Thomas R. Donahue	
			Chief Financial Officer	