Federated Hermes Tax-Free Obligations Fund

Wealth Shares

Nasdaq symbol: TBIXX | Cusip number: 60934N401 | Newspaper listing: FedTaxFrObl WS

3/31/24

Product highlights

- Pursues dividend income exempt from federal regular income tax, consistent with stability of principal.
- Invests in short-term, high-quality, tax-exempt securities.
- Holds Aaa-mf and AAAmmf ratings from Moody's and Fitch, respectively.
- Fund income is exempt from federal alternative minimum tax (AMT).
- Offers tax-sensitive investors the potential for attractive taxable-equivalent yields compared to taxable money market funds.

Key investment team

Mary Jo Ochson, CFA Kyle Stewart, CFA

Credit ratings

AAAmmf Fitch

Aaa-mf Moody's

Portfolio assets

\$4.6 billion

Credit/obligor exposure

Bank of America N.A.

Mizuho Bank Ltd.

Barclays Bank plc

TD Bank, N.A.

Alabama Power Co.

Metropolitan Government Nashville & Davidson County, TN

Nucor Corp.

UBS AG

San Antonio, TX Electric & Gas System

Truist Bank

Total % of Portfolio: 53.43%

Share class statistics

Inception date

12/12/89

Federated Hermes fund number

15

Cut-off times

3:00 p.m. ET — purchases

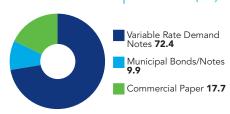
12:00 p.m. ET — redemptions

Dividends

Declared daily/paid monthly







Effective maturity schedule (%)

Federated Hermes



Weighted average maturity
39 Days

Weighted average life
39 Days

Fund performance

Net yield (%)						Total return (%)							
7-day 3				3.55	1-year							3.40	
Annualized yields (%)	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	
7-day	3.31	3.34	3.92	3.76	4.14	4.06	3.93	3.44	4.00	4.14	3.24	3.55	

Performance quoted represents past performance, which is no guarantee of future results. Investment return will vary. An investor's shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than the original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than what is stated. To view performance current to the most recent month-end, contact us or visit FederatedHermes.com/us.

Although not contractually obligated to do so, the advisor and/or certain fund service providers waived all or a portion of their fees or reimbursed the fund for certain operating expenses. These voluntary waivers and reimbursements may be modified or terminated at any time; accordingly, the fund's expenses may vary (i.e., increase or decrease) during the fund's fiscal year. These waivers increase income to the fund and result in a higher return to investors.

Otherwise, the 7-day yield would have been 3.47% and total return would have been lower.

Total return represents the change in value of an investment after reinvesting all income and capital gains. Yield quotations more closely reflect the current earnings of the fund than the total return quotation.

In response to unusual circumstances, such as adverse market, economic or other conditions (for example, to help avoid potential losses or during periods when there is a shortage of appropriate tax-exempt securities), the fund may temporarily depart from its principal investment strategies by holding cash or investing its assets in taxable securities (including, for example, securities subject to the AMT) which may cause the Fund to distribute taxable income to investors.

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Portfolio manager commentary

Greatly exaggerated in late 2023, the report of the death of "higher for longer" interest rates turned out to be mistaken in the first quarter of 2024.

Going into the quarter, the markets resisted Federal Reserve expectations for the pace and timing of easing monetary policy. The rate forecast "dot plot" in the December Summary of Economic Projections (SEP) indicated three quarterpoint cuts could come later this year; the futures markets called for as many as seven, starting in March. No amount of communications from Fed officials dented this investor enthusiasm, including speeches and appearances by Chair Jerome Powell. But measures of consumer and producer inflation, which had been declining, began to level off and even reverse course slightly, the exuberance faded and markets fell in line. By the time of the Federal Open Market Committee's mid-March meeting, out of which the updated SEP again indicated a likely 75 basis-points worth of cuts in 2024, the markets had conceded. Policymakers kept the target federal funds range at 5.25-5.5% throughout the quarter.

Other factors contributed to the shift in sentiment. One was sentiment itself, as consumers displayed confidence and continued to spend despite the inflation, especially food prices. Economists' opinions on the reasons varied, but most agreed that the robust employment situation played a key role, due to the timetested adage that Americans spend if they have a dependable source of income. In this case, the labor shortage not only provided that, but also helped

to increase wages—particularly for those changing jobs—and reduce the size of inflation's bite into paychecks.

The strength of the economy, once viewed skeptically by many in the financial sphere, began to convert skeptics into believers that the U.S. might not only avoid a recession, but also even a marked slowdown. This is the scenario that Powell had frequently mentioned as potentially achievable, though the longer the Fed leaves the target range as is, the greater the risk it will end up damaging the economy. For investors, the high rate environment contributed to the continued attractiveness of the preponderance of liquidity products across the industry, including money market funds remaining at historically elevated assets under management.

Interest-rate volatility in the short-term municipal market declined in the first quarter as supply and demand came into balance. The SIFMA Municipal Swap Index averaged 3.32% for the quarter and ended at 3.64%. On average, investors sensitive to taxes were rewarded with a commitment to the sector. Generally, state and local government credit quality continues to be robust due to ample financial reserves and strong management.

At the end of the quarter, yields on 1-, 3-, 6- and 12-month U.S. Treasuries were 5.36%, 5.36%, 5.33% and 5.03%, respectively; the 1-, 3-, 6- and 12-month Bloomberg Short-Term Bank Yield Index rates (BSBY) were 5.47%, 5.45%, 5.36% and 5.17%, respectively.

You could lose money by investing in the Fund. Although the Fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it cannot guarantee it will do so. The Fund may impose a fee upon the sale of your shares. An investment in the Fund is not a bank account and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The Fund's sponsor is not required to reimburse the Fund for losses, and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to the Fund at any time, including during periods of market stress.

Performance shown is for Wealth Shares. The fund offers additional share classes whose performance will vary due to differences in charges and expenses. Please consult your financial institution regarding your eligibility to purchase these classes.

A word about risk

The fund's investment advisor (the "Advisor") will invest the Fund's assets entirely in securities whose interest is not subject to (or not a specific preference item for purposes of) the federal alternative minimum tax for individuals (AMT), such that, distributions of annual interest income also are exempt from the AMT.

Income may be subject to state and local taxes. Current and future portfolio holdings are subject

Definitions

Net yields are based on the average daily income dividend and average net asset value for the 7 days ended on the date of calculation. The 7-day net annualized yield is based on the average net income per share for the 7 days ended on the date of calculation and the offering price on that date.

The fund is a managed portfolio and its holdings are subject to change.

The holdings percentages are based on net assets at the close of business on 3/31/24 and may not necessarily reflect adjustments that are routinely made when presenting net assets for formal financial statement purposes.

Weighted average maturity is the mean average of the periods of time remaining until the securities held in the fund's portfolio (a) are scheduled to be repaid, (b) would be repaid upon a demand by the fund or (c) are scheduled to have their interest rate readjusted to reflect current market rates. Securities with adjustable rates payable upon demand are treated as maturing on the earlier of the two dates if their scheduled maturity is 397 days or less, and the later of the two dates if their scheduled maturity is more than 397 days. The mean is weighted based on the percentage of the amortized cost of the portfolio invested in each period.

Weighted average life is calculated in the same manner as the Weighted average maturity (WAM), but is based solely on the periods of time remaining until the securities held in the fund's portfolio (a) are scheduled to be repaid or (b) would be repaid upon a demand by the fund without reference to when interest rates of securities within the fund are scheduled to be readjusted.

Variable rate demand notes are tax-exempt securities that require the issuer or a third party, such as a dealer or bank, to repurchase the security for its face value upon demand. The securities also pay interest at a variable rate intended to cause the securities to trade at their face value.

Ratings and rating agencies

Ratings are based on an evaluation of several factors, including credit quality, diversification and maturity of assets in the portfolio, as well as management strength and operational capabilities. Fitch's money market fund ratings are an assessment of a money market fund's capacity to preserve principal and provide liquidity through limiting credit, market and liquidity risk. Money market funds rated Aaa-mf by Moody's are judged to be of an investment quality similar to Aaa-rated fixed income obligations, that is, they are judged to be of the best quality. For more information on credit ratings, visit moodys.com and fitchratings.com.

Ratings are subject to change and do not remove market risk.

Credit ratings do not provide assurance against default or other loss of money and can change.