

Federated Hermes Corporate Bond Fund

12/31/23

Fund facts

Performance inception date

6/28/95

Benchmark 1

Bloomberg US Credit Index

Benchmark 2

75% Bloomberg US Credit Index/25% Bloomberg US Corporate High Yield 2% Issuer Capped Index

Morningstar category

Corporate Bond

Lipper classification

Corporate Debt Funds BBB-Rated

Fund assets

\$1.2 billion

Ticker symbols

R6 Shares - FDBLX Institutional Shares - FDBIX A Shares - FDBAX C Shares - FDBCX F Shares - ISHIX

Key investment team

Brian Ruffner Bryan Dingle, CFA Mark Durbiano, CFA Anthony Venturino, CFA Christopher McGinley

Yields (%)

30-day yield (R6)	4.76
30-day yield (IS)	4.74
30-day yield (A)	4.29

Fund description

The fund seeks to provide a high level of current income and to preserve capital by investing in a diversified portfolio of fixed-income securities. It invests primarily in investment-grade corporate bonds, but also may invest up to 35% of its portfolio assets in lower-rated high-yield bonds.

Average annual total returns (%)

Performance shown is before tax.

								Expens	e ratio
	3-month	YTD	1-year	3-year	5-year	10-year	Since inception	Before waivers	After waivers
R6 Shares	7.04	7.94	7.94	-2.51	2.90	3.04	5.21	0.65	0.59
Institutional Shares	7.04	7.93	7.93	-2.53	2.91	3.08	5.26	0.75	0.61
A Shares (NAV)	7.11	7.79	7.79	-2.74	2.65	2.85	5.14	1.00	0.86
A Shares (MOP)	2.29	2.91	2.91	-4.21	1.71	2.38	4.97	1.00	0.86
Benchmark 1	8.15	8.18	8.18	-3.21	2.45	2.83	-	-	_
Benchmark 2	7.90	9.49	9.49	-1.91	3.20	3.30	_	_	_



Calendar year total returns (%)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Institutional Shares	7.93	-14.35	0.18	9.07	14.27	-2.84	7.05	8.44	-1.77	5.93
Benchmark 1	8.18	-15.26	-1.08	9.35	13.80	-2.11	6.18	5.63	-0.77	7.53
Benchmark 2	9.49	-14.21	0.48	8.83	13.96	-2.08	6.51	8.43	-1.66	6.25
Morningstar Category Average	8.33	-15.15	-0.76	9.24	13.03	-2.49	5.79	6.51	-1.39	6.93

Performance quoted represents past performance, which is no guarantee of future results. Investment return and principal value will fluctuate so that an investor's shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than what is stated. To view performance current to the most recent month-end, and for after-tax returns, contact us or visit FederatedHermes.com/us. Maximum offering price figures reflect the maximum sales charges of 4.5% for A Shares. See the prospectus for other fees and expenses that apply to a continued investment in the fund. Total returns for periods of less than one year are cumulative.

* The fund's expense ratio is from the most recent prospectus. The expense ratio may reflect voluntary fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements determined by the fund's Advisor and its affiliates. The voluntary waivers and/or reimbursements, if applicable, are in effect up to but not including the later of 2/1/24 or the date of the fund's next effective prospectus.



Investment process

Fundamental analysis



Portfolio statistics

Weighted average effective maturity	8.8 yrs.
Weighted average effective duration	5.9 yrs.
Weighted average coupon	4.06%
Weighted average yield to maturity	5.33%
Weighted average bond price	\$93.66

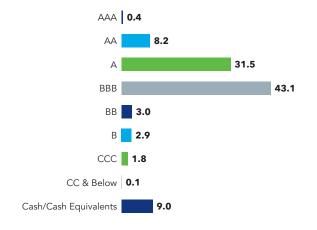
Top holdings (%)

U.S. Treasury Note, 4.125% due 11/15/32	3.1
U.S. Treasury Bond, 4.750% due 11/15/53	1.3
Bank of New York Mellon, 3.992% due 6/13/28	0.6
Goldman Sachs Group, Inc., 3.814% due 4/23/29	0.6
JPMorgan Chase & Co., 3.509% due 1/23/29	0.6
JPMorgan Chase & Co., 3.875% due 9/10/24	0.6
Morgan Stanley, 3.772% due 1/24/29	0.6
NextEra Energy Capital, 3.550% due 5/01/27	0.6
Wells Fargo & Co., 3.908% due 4/25/26	0.6
CCO Safari II LLC, 4.908% due 7/23/25	0.5
Total % of portfolio	9.1

Sector weightings (%)



Quality breakdown¹ (%)



Quality breakdown does not apply to Equity or Cash/Cash Equivalents.

Portfolio composition is based on net assets at the close of business on 12/31/23 and may not necessarily reflect adjustments that are routinely made when presenting net assets for formal financial statement purposes. Because this is a managed portfolio, the investment mix will change.

Highlights

- Federal Reserve (Fed) 'pause' since the July rate hike
- Significantly lower U.S. Treasury yields
- Negative contribution from security selection and sector allocation

Looking back

After pushing through higher lows and higher highs all year, Treasury yields rolled over in the fourth quarter, powering all fixed-income sectors to solid total returns for both the quarter and the year. Risk appetite increased in November and again in December, as the Fed passed on raising its federal funds rate amid continuing evidence that inflation was cooling even as the economy continued to add jobs. It appears that the Fed may be done with rate hikes. In its December Summary of Economic Projections, the Fed called for three rate cuts in 2024, up from two in its last update, with inflation and economic growth slowing and unemployment rising only to 4.1%. Fed Chair Powell surprised markets after December's meeting with his dovish view of Fed policy. He explained that since Fed policy works with a lag, the Fed would not wait to achieve its 2% inflation target before cutting the funds rate, since that would cause the Fed to overshoot. The market sees nearly six rate cuts in 2024, and by not countering this narrative, Powell appeared to endorse the more accommodative policy, continuing the Fed's push and pull battle with the market into 2024.

In the fourth quarter, all fixed-income sectors posted positive total returns, led by long duration and lower-quality credit. All sectors outperformed comparable-duration Treasuries, led by high yield, long-duration credit and emerging-markets debt. The 10-year Treasury yield started the quarter at 4.57%, peaked in mid-October at 4.99%, and then marched steadily lower, ending the quarter at 3.88%.

Performance

Federated Hermes Corporate Bond Fund R6 Shares returned 7.04% at net asset value (NAV) for the three months ended December 31, 2023. That compares with the Bloomberg US Credit Index return of 8.15% and the Bloomberg US High Yield 2% Issuer Capped Index return of 7.15%. The blended benchmark, consisting of 25% of the Bloomberg US Credit Index and 75% of the Bloomberg US High Yield 2% Issuer Capped Index, returned 7.90%. The fund's total return for the period also reflected actual cash flows, transaction costs and other expenses that were not reflected in the return of the blended benchmark.

Performance contributors

- Underweight position to the non-corporate component of the blended index (sovereign, supranational)
- Specific issuers held by the portfolio that outperformed the blended benchmark included AT&T, Telefonica, Deutsche Telekom, Hess and Biogen

Performance detractors

- Underweight position to the high-yield asset class
- Slight short-duration position relative to benchmark, and underweight to the short end of credit curve
- Specific issuers held by the portfolio that underperformed the blended benchmark included Bank of America, JPMorgan, Goldman Sachs, Comcast and ConocoPhillips

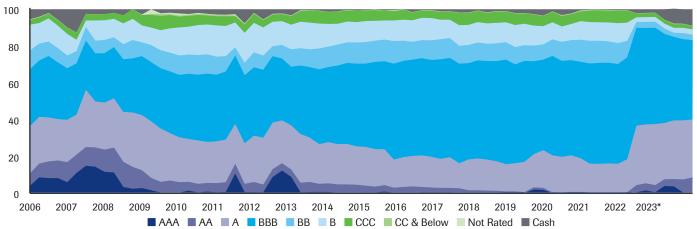
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How we are positioned

We exited the quarter maintaining both an underweight position to the high-yield asset class and reduced exposure to cyclical end markets. The fund ended the period targeting a neutral duration position relative to the benchmark. The portfolio remains committed to adjust the overall positioning in response to changes in valuation and credit quality.

See disclosure section for important disclosures and definitions.

Historical credit quality (%)1



^{*} As of 12/31/23

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Risk statistics

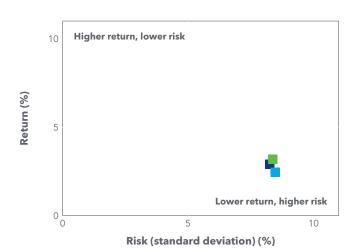
	3-year	5-year	7-year	10-year
Standard deviation	8.18	8.25	7.07	6.31
Alpha	0.19	0.47	0.35	0.32
Beta	0.92	0.96	0.95	0.95
Up capture ratio	90.09	95.86	94.45	94.90
Down capture ratio	87.51	90.50	88.87	89.25
Sharpe ratio	-0.60	0.11	0.11	0.27

Sources: Federated Hermes, Morningstar, Inc.

Fund vs. Bloomberg US Credit Index

See disclosure section for important definitions.

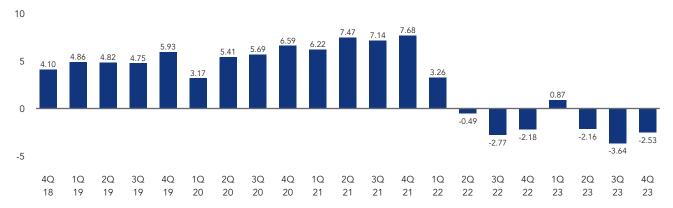
5-year risk/return



	Risk (%)	Return (%)
Federated Hermes Corporate Bond Fund (IS)	8.25	2.91
■ Bloomberg US Credit Index	8.48	2.45
75% Bloomberg US Credit Index/25% Bloomberg US High Yield 2% Issuer Capped Index	8.38	3.20

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3-year rolling returns - IS (%)



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Category rankings

Morningstar Corporate Bond Category		1-year	3-year	5-year	10-year	
R6 Shares	Morningstar Category % Rank	73	25	17	_	
	Morningstar Category Rank	140 of 204 funds	32 of 187 funds	30 of 171 funds	_	
IS Shares	Morningstar Category % Rank	73	25	16	21	
	Morningstar Category Rank	141 of 204 funds	34 of 187 funds	29 of 171 funds	23 of 100 funds	
A Shares	Morningstar Category % Rank	74	34	41	42	
	Morningstar Category Rank	148 of 204 funds	48 of 187 funds	69 of 171 funds	48 of 100 funds	

Lipper Corporate	Debt Funds BBB-Rated	1-year	3-year	5-year	10-year
R6 Shares	Lipper Classification % Rank	54	19	21	_
	Lipper Classification Rank	155 of 293 funds	48 of 268 funds	51 of 248 funds	_
IS Shares	Lipper Classification % Rank	54	19	21	27
	Lipper Classification Rank	156 of 293 funds	50 of 268 funds	50 of 248 funds	44 of 165 funds
A Shares	Lipper Classification % Rank	57	25	40	45
	Lipper Classification Rank	164 of 293 funds	64 of 268 funds	97 of 248 funds	73 of 165 funds

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Rankings are based on total return and do not take sales charges into account.

1The ratings referred to in the quality breakdown are provided by Standard and Poor's, Moody's, and Fitch. The allocation of ratings presented aligns with the methodology of the Bloomberg index. Bloomberg employs the middle rating from Standard and Poor's, Moody's, and Fitch to determine a security's credit classification, essentially following a "two-out-of-three" rule. In cases where only two agencies rate a security, the more conservative (lower) rating is utilized. If only one agency rates a security, that single rating is used. Additionally, certain securities may not have a credit rating from any of the agencies, and they are categorized as "not rated." For clarity, credit ratings of A or better are indicative of high credit quality, while BBB represents good credit quality and the lowest tier of investment grade. Ratings of BB and below are assigned to lower-rated securities, often referred to as "junk bonds," and credit ratings of CCC or below indicate a high level of default risk. This breakdown doesn't consider the impact of credit derivatives in the fund.

30-day yield (also known as "SEC yield") is a compounded and annualized figure calculated according to a formula set by the SEC. The formula requires use of a specific methodology for calculating dividends and interest earned, and expenses accrued, during the period, and reflects the maximum offering price per fund share. The standardized computation is designed to facilitate yield comparisons among different funds. In the absence of temporary expense waivers or reimbursements, the 30-day yield would have been 4.76% for R6 Shares, 4.61% for Institutional Shares and 4.16% for A Shares

The fund's Institutional Shares commenced operations on January 28, 2008. For the period prior to the commencement of operations of the Institutional Shares, the performance information shown is for the fund's A Shares. The performance of the A Shares has not been adjusted to reflect the expenses applicable to the Institutional Shares since the Institutional Shares have a lower expense ratio than the expense ratio of the A Shares. The performance of the A Shares has been adjusted to reflect the absence of sales charges and adjusted to remove any voluntary waiver of fund expenses related to the A Shares that may have occurred prior to commencement of operations of the Institutional Shares. See the prospectus for other fees and expenses that apply to a continued investment in the fund.

The fund's R6 Shares commenced operations on September 30, 2016. For the period prior to the commencement of operations of the R6 Shares, the performance information shown is for A Shares. The performance of the A Shares has not been adjusted to reflect the expenses applicable to the R6 since the R6 Shares have a lower expense ratio than the expense ratio of the A Shares. The performance of the A Shares has been adjusted to reflect the absence of sales charges and adjusted to remove any voluntary waiver of the fund's expenses related to the A Shares that may have occurred during the period prior to the commencement of operations of the R6 Shares. See the prospectus for other fees and expenses that apply to a continued investment in the fund.

Federated Hermes Corporate Bond Fund

A word about risk

Mutual funds are subject to risks and fluctuate in value.

High-yield, lower-rated securities generally entail greater market, credit/default and liquidity risks, and may be more volatile than investment-grade securities.

Bond prices are sensitive to changes in interest rates, and a rise in interest rates can cause a decline in their prices.

Diversification does not assure a profit nor protect against loss.

Definitions

Alpha shows how much or how little return is generated, given the risk a portfolio takes. A portfolio with an alpha greater than 0 has earned more than expected given its beta—meaning the portfolio has generated excess return without increasing risk. A portfolio with a negative alpha is producing a lower return than would be expected given its risk.

Beta measures a portfolio's volatility relative to the market. A beta greater than 1.00 suggests the portfolio has historically been more volatile than the market as measured by the fund's benchmark. A beta less than 1.00 suggests the portfolio has historically had less volatility relative to the market.

Sharpe ratio is calculated by dividing a fund's annualized excess return by the fund's annualized standard deviation. The higher the Sharpe ratio, the better the fund's historical risk adjusted performance.

Standard deviation is a historical measure of the variability of returns relative to the average annual return. A higher number indicates higher overall volatility.

Up capture ratio/down capture ratio is a measure of how well a manager was able to replicate or improve on periods of positive benchmark returns and how badly the manager was affected by periods of negative benchmark returns. The up-market capture ratio is a measure of a manager's performance in up markets relative to the index during the same period. For example, a ratio value of 115 indicates that the manager has outperformed the market index by 15% in periods when the index has risen. The down-market capture ratio is the direct opposite of the up-market capture ratio, gauging performance of the manager relative to the index in down markets. A ratio value of 80 would indicate the manager had declined on 80% as much as the declining overall market, indicating relative outperformance.

Weighted average bond price is the weighted average of all individual bond prices within a portfolio.

Weighted average coupon is the weighted average interest payment of all individual debt securities within a portfolio.

Weighted average effective duration (sometimes called "Option-Adjusted Duration") is a measure of a security's price sensitivity to changes in interest rates calculated using a model that recognizes that the probability of a bond being called or remaining outstanding until maturity may vary if market interest rates change, and that makes adjustments based on a bond's embedded options (e.g., call rights, or in

the case of a mortgage-backed security, the probability that homeowners will prepay their mortgages), if any, based on the probability that the options will be exercised. A fund's weighted average effective duration will equal the market value weighted average of each bond's effective duration in the fund's portfolio. As with any model, several assumptions are made so the weighted average effective duration of a fund in the Federated Hermes family of funds may not be comparable to other funds outside of the Federated Hermes family of funds. Securities with longer durations are more sensitive to changes in interest rates than securities of shorter durations.

Weighted average effective maturity is the average time to maturity of debt securities held in the fund.

Weighted average yield to maturity is used to determine the rate of return an investor would receive if a long-term, interest-bearing investment, such as a bond, is held to its maturity date. It takes into account purchase price, redemption value, time to maturity, coupon yield and the time between interest payments.

Bloomberg US Corporate High Yield 2% Issuer Capped Index is an issuer-constrained version of the flagship US Corporate High Yield Index, which measures the USD-denominated, high yield, fixed-rate corporate bond market. The index follows the same rules as the uncapped version, but limits the exposure of each issuer to 2% of the total market value and redistributes any excess market value index wide on a pro rata basis. The index was created in 2002, with history backfilled to January 1, 1993.

Bloomberg US Credit Index is composed of all publicly issued, fixed-rate, nonconvertible, investment-grade corporate debt. Issues are rated at least Baa by Moody's Investors Service or BBB by Standard & Poor's, if unrated by Moody's. Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (CMOs) are not included. Total return comprises price appreciation/depreciation and income as a percentage of the original investment.

Indexes are unmanaged and cannot be invested in directly.

Ratings and rating agencies

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