

# Federated Hermes Intermediate Corporate Bond Fund

### 3/31/24

### **Fund facts**

Performance inception date

12/20/93

#### **Benchmark**

Bloomberg US Intermediate Credit Index

#### Morningstar category

Corporate Bond

### **Lipper classification**

Corporate Debt Funds BBB-Rated

### **Fund assets**

\$379.9 million

#### **Ticker symbols**

Institutional Shares - FIIFX SS Shares - INISX

#### Key investment team

Bryan Dingle, CFA Brian Ruffner

### Yields (%)

30-day yield (IS)	4.70
30-day yield (SS)	4.45

### Fund description

The fund seeks to provide current income by investing in a diversified portfolio of investment grade, fixed income securities. Under normal market conditions, the fund's dollar-weighted average maturity is expected to be between three and ten years and dollar-weighted average duration to between three and seven years.

### Average annual total returns (%)

#### Performance shown is before tax.

Expense ratio\*

								Expens	Ciacio
	3-month	YTD	1-year	3-year	5-year	10-year	Since inception	Before waivers	After waivers
IS Shares	0.20	0.20	3.97	-1.00	1.65	2.16	4.54	1.05	0.52
SS Shares	0.14	0.14	3.71	-1.25	1.38	1.91	4.29	1.31	0.77
Benchmark	0.20	0.20	4.56	-0.52	1.77	2.31	_	_	_



# Calendar year total returns (%)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Institutional Shares	6.40	-9.51	-1.25	7.55	9.70	-0.49	4.31	3.91	-0.07	4.30
Benchmark	6.94	-9.10	-1.03	7.08	9.52	0.01	3.67	3.68	0.90	4.16
Morningstar Category Average	8.33	-15.15	-0.76	9.24	13.03	-2.49	5.79	6.51	-1.39	6.93

Performance quoted represents past performance, which is no guarantee of future results. Investment return and principal value will fluctuate so that an investor's shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than what is stated. To view performance current to the most recent month-end, and for after-tax returns, contact us or visit FederatedHermes.com/us.

\* The fund's expense ratio is from the most recent prospectus. The expense ratio may reflect voluntary fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements determined by the fund's Advisor and its affiliates. The voluntary waivers and/or reimbursements, if applicable, are in effect up to but not including the later of 7/1/24 or the date of the fund's next effective prospectus.



### Investment process

#### **Fundamental analysis**



### Portfolio statistics

Weighted average effective maturity	4.6 yrs.
Weighted average effective duration	3.9 yrs.
Weighted average coupon	4.00%
Weighted average yield to maturity	5.27%
Weighted average bond price	\$96.01

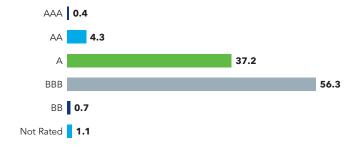
# Top holdings (%)

U.S. Treasury Note, 4.500% due 11/15/25	1.2
Bank of America Corp., 2.592% due 4/29/31	0.6
Bank of America Corp., 3.824% due 1/20/28	0.6
Citigroup, Inc., 2.572% due 6/03/31	0.6
Oracle Corp., 6.150% due 11/09/29	0.6
Amgen, Inc., 5.250% due 3/02/30	0.5
Bank of America Corp., 4.571% due 4/27/33	0.5
Goldman Sachs Group, Inc., 3.691% due 6/05/28	0.5
NextEra Energy Capital Holdings, Inc., 5.000% due 2/28/30	0.5
Wells Fargo & Co., 3.584% due 5/22/28	0.5
Total % of portfolio	6.1

### Sector weightings (%)



# Quality breakdown¹ (%)



Quality breakdown does not apply to Equity or Cash/Cash Equivalents.

Portfolio composition is based on net assets at the close of business on 3/31/24 and may not necessarily reflect adjustments that are routinely made when presenting net assets for formal financial statement purposes. Because this is a managed portfolio, the investment mix will change.

### Highlights

- The Bloomberg US Intermediate Credit Index (BICI), which excludes long maturities, had positive total returns of 0.20%, while the broad Bloomberg US Credit Index had negative total returns of -0.41%
- · Investment-grade credit indexes outperformed similar-duration Treasuries, with lower quality doing better than higher quality
- Slightly positive total returns in the intermediate area were driven by coupon income and spread tightening that offset the effect of higher interest rates. Overall corporate bond spreads on the Bloomberg US Credit Index were tighter and that was driven by lower-quality credits

### Looking back

Calming and consistent words from the Federal Reserve (Fed) helped markets overcome their tendency to overreact, bringing them back in sync with Fed projections. Excessive optimism in late December and into January had markets pricing in more than six Fed rate cuts by the end of 2024, well above the Fed's three-cut projection from September. Progress on reducing inflation slowed in the early part of the quarter, to the point that markets saw fewer than three cuts in 2024, with the start date easing later in the year.

The broad Bloomberg US Credit Index is comprised of the intermediate (68%) and long credit (32%) indexes. For the quarter, the Bloomberg US Credit Index generated total returns of -0.41%, the Bloomberg US Long Credit Index had total returns of -1.65% and the BICI returned 0.20%.

### Performance

Federated Hermes Intermediate Corporate Bond Fund Institutional Shares returned 0.20% at net asset value (NAV) for the first quarter of 2024. The fund's benchmark, the BICI, had a total return of 0.20%. The fund's total return for the period also reflected actual cash flows, transaction costs and other expenses that were not reflected in the total return of the BICI.

#### **Performance contributors**

- Security selection was the largest contributor to performance in the period. There was strong selection in banking, consumer cyclicals and consumer non-cyclicals
- Top contributors to security selection included underweights to InterAmerican Development Bank, Intel, Duke Energy and Apple, all of which underperformed in the quarter. Overweight contributors included Bank of America, Keycorp and Piedmont Office Realty
- While sector overall was a negative contributor, the portfolio was underweight the higher-quality sectors such as supranationals, which underperformed in the period, and such positioning was additive to performance
- Duration and yield curve were largely neutral contributors in the period

#### **Performance detractors**

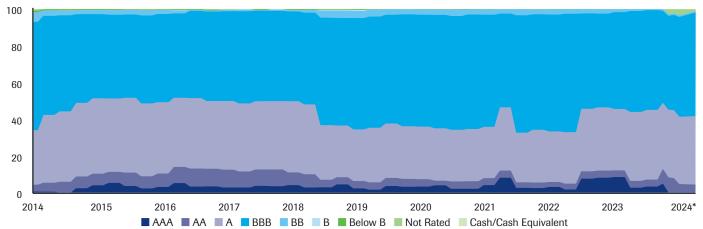
- Sector selection was the largest detractor from performance in the period. Sector weights were weaker in the banking, capital goods and consumer non-cyclicals
- The tickers that were the weakest performers in the period were more defensive-type credits such as Roper, Anheuser Busch and Keurig Dr. Pepper

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# How we are positioned

With additional Fed rate increases more than likely behind us, the economy is experiencing a slowdown in inflation, but also more economic strength than expected especially after 525 basis points of rate hikes from the current cycle. In addition, the Fed has tempered the fear that they would slow economic growth too much from maintaining the "higher for longer" rate posture by communicating that the committee would not wait to achieve its 2% target before cutting rates. As such, we are growing more comfortable with the economy's resilience and the Fed's inflation fighting vigilance. See disclosure section for important disclosures and definitions.

# Historical credit quality (%)1



<sup>\*</sup> As of 3/31/24

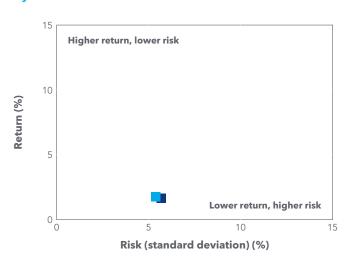
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### Risk statistics

	3-year	5-year	7-year	10-year
Standard deviation	5.48	5.69	4.93	4.33
Alpha	-0.54	-0.09	-0.12	-0.17
Beta	0.98	1.05	1.05	1.04
Up capture ratio	95.57	101.80	100.21	99.82
Down capture ratio	102.19	104.21	102.90	103.29
Sharpe ratio	-0.70	-0.09	-0.01	0.68

Sources: Federated Hermes, Morningstar, Inc. Fund vs. Bloomberg US Intermediate Credit Index **See disclosure section for important definitions.** 

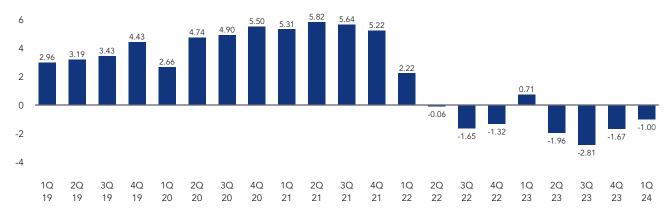
# 5-year risk/return



	Risk (%)	Return (%)
Federated Hermes Intermediate Corporate Bond Fund (IS)	5.69	1.65
Bloomberg US Intermediate Credit Index	5.39	1.77

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# 3-year rolling returns - IS (%)



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# Category rankings

Morningstar Corporate Bond Category		1-year	3-year	5-year	10-year	
IS Shares	Morningstar Category % Rank	78	15	42	78	
	Morningstar Category Rank	143 of 193 funds	12 of 178 funds	63 of 163 funds	75 of 100 funds	
SS Shares	Morningstar Category % Rank	86	22	64	89	
	Morningstar Category Rank	155 of 193 funds	25 of 178 funds	101 of 163 funds	85 of 100 funds	

Lipper Corporate	Debt Funds BBB-Rated	1-year	3-year	5-year	10-year
IS Shares	Lipper Classification % Rank	59	13	32	64
	Lipper Classification Rank	149 of 252 funds	28 of 228 funds	32 of 101 funds	87 of 137 funds
SS Shares	Lipper Classification % Rank	66	18	50	74
	Lipper Classification Rank	166 of 252 funds	39 of 228 funds	50 of 101 funds	102 of 137 funds

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Rankings are based on total return and do not take sales charges into account.

### Federated Hermes Intermediate Corporate Bond Fund

<sup>1</sup>The ratings referred to in the quality breakdown are provided by S&P Global Ratings, Moody's, and Fitch. The allocation of ratings presented aligns with the methodology of the Bloomberg index. Bloomberg employs the middle rating from S&P Global Ratings, Moody's, and Fitch to determine a security's credit classification, essentially following a "two-out-of-three" rule. In cases where only two agencies rate a security, the more conservative (lower) rating is utilized. If only one agency rates a security, that single rating is used. Additionally, certain securities may not have a credit rating from any of the agencies, and they are categorized as "not rated." For clarity, credit ratings of A or better are indicative of high credit quality, while BBB represents good credit quality and the lowest tier of investment grade. Ratings of BB and below are assigned to lower-rated securities, often referred to as "junk bonds," and credit ratings of CCC or below indicate a high level of default risk. This breakdown doesn't consider the impact of credit derivatives in the fund.

30-day yield (also known as "SEC yield") is a compounded and annualized figure calculated according to a formula set by the SEC. The formula requires use of a specific methodology for calculating dividends and interest earned, and expenses accrued, during the period, and reflects the maximum offering price per fund share. The standardized computation is designed to facilitate yield comparisons among different funds. In the absence of temporary expense waivers or reimbursements, the 30-day yield would have been 4.39% for Institutional Shares and 3.93% for Service Shares

#### A word about risk

Mutual funds are subject to risks and fluctuate in value.

Bond prices are sensitive to changes in interest rates, and a rise in interest rates can cause a decline in their prices.

The value of some mortgage-backed securities may be particularly sensitive to changes in prevailing interest rates, and although the securities are generally supported by some form of government or private insurance, there is no assurance that private guarantors or insurers will meet their obligations.

#### **Definitions**

**Alpha** shows how much or how little return is generated, given the risk a portfolio takes. A portfolio with an alpha greater than 0 has earned more than expected given its beta—meaning the portfolio has generated excess return without increasing risk. A portfolio with a negative alpha is producing a lower return than would be expected given its risk.

**Beta** measures a portfolio's volatility relative to the market. A beta greater than 1.00 suggests the portfolio has historically been more volatile than the market as measured by the fund's benchmark. A beta less than 1.00 suggests the portfolio has historically had less volatility relative to the market.

**Sharpe ratio** is calculated by dividing a fund's annualized excess return by the fund's annualized standard deviation. The higher the Sharpe ratio, the better the fund's historical risk adjusted performance.

**Standard deviation** is a historical measure of the variability of returns relative to the average annual return. A higher number indicates higher overall volatility.

**Up capture ratio/down capture ratio** is a measure of how well a manager was able to replicate or improve on periods of positive benchmark returns and how badly the manager was affected by periods of negative benchmark returns. The up-market capture ratio is a measure of a manager's performance in up markets relative to the index during the same period. For example, a ratio value of 115 indicates that the manager has outperformed the market index by 15% in periods when the index has risen. The down-market capture ratio is the direct opposite of the up-market capture ratio, gauging performance of the manager relative to the index in down markets. A ratio value of 80 would indicate the manager had declined on 80% as much as the declining overall market, indicating relative outperformance.

**Weighted average bond price** is the weighted average of all individual bond prices within a portfolio.

**Weighted average coupon** is the weighted average interest payment of all individual debt securities within a portfolio.

**Weighted average effective duration** (sometimes called "Option-Adjusted Duration") is a measure of a security's price sensitivity to

changes in interest rates calculated using a model that recognizes that the probability of a bond being called or remaining outstanding until maturity may vary if market interest rates change, and that makes adjustments based on a bond's embedded options (e.g., call rights, or in the case of a mortgage-backed security, the probability that homeowners will prepay their mortgages), if any, based on the probability that the options will be exercised. A fund's weighted average effective duration will equal the market value weighted average of each bond's effective duration in the fund's portfolio. As with any model, several assumptions are made so the weighted average effective duration of a fund in the Federated Hermes family of funds may not be comparable to other funds outside of the Federated Hermes family of funds. Securities with longer durations are more sensitive to changes in interest rates than securities of shorter durations.

**Weighted average effective maturity** is the average time to maturity of debt securities held in the fund.

**Weighted average yield to maturity** is used to determine the rate of return an investor would receive if a long-term, interest-bearing investment, such as a bond, is held to its maturity date. It takes into account purchase price, redemption value, time to maturity, coupon yield and the time between interest payments.

**Bloomberg US Intermediate Credit Index** measures the investment-grade, U.S. dollar-denominated, fixed-rate, taxable corporate and government-related bond markets. The index only includes securities with maturity between one and ten years. It is composed of the Bloomberg US Corporate Index and a non-corporate component that includes foreign agencies, sovereigns, supranationals and local authorities.

Indexes are unmanaged and cannot be invested in directly.

#### Ratings and rating agencies

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